1		ORDINANCE NO. 2024
2 3		ORDINANCE AMENDMENTS
4 5		Amendments to Appendix A – Zoning Ordinance
6 7 8	adopte	UANT TO Section 1-8 of the Tiverton Code of Ordinances, the amendments below are d and effective on the date of passage. These are amendments to the following Articles of dix $A - Zoning$ Ordinance:
9		
10 11 12	1.	Article II – Definitions. These amendments update the definitions to conform to recent legislative changes and to conform with changes in the District Use Table.
13 14 15	2.	Article III – Zoning Districts, Section 1. These amendments split the Waterfront Zone into two zones and defines those two zones.
16 17 18 19 20	3.	Article IV – District Use Regulations, Section $1 - 13A$. These amendments split the Waterfront Zone into two zones and identifies which uses are permitted by right, permitted by special use, or not permitted. These amendments also clarify the title of uses, add uses to all zones and eliminates uses from all zones.
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	4.	Article V – District Dimensional Regulations, Section 1, 2 and 4. These amendments also account for the division of the Waterfront Zone into two zones. Further, these amendments clarify the intent of Section 2 to allow multiple principal uses on a single lot in the commercial, waterfront and industrial zones. In addition, these amendments bring the definition of Building Height into conformity with definition in the General Laws and includes diagrams to assist in the construction of the phrase. Additionally, these amendments make adjustments for structures that are elevated off of the ground due to Base Flood Elevation and Freeboard requirements.
30 31 32 33	5.	Article VI – Other District Regulations, Section 10. These amendments provide performance criteria for multiple uses permitted by right in the Waterfront Zone(s) and in some instances in other zones.
34 35 36	6.	Article XVI – Special Use Permits, Section 5. These amendments provide specific and objective criteria for multiple uses which require a special use permit in the Waterfront Zone(s).
37		
38		

1	APPENDIX A – ZONING ORDINANCE
2	
3	ARTICLE II. – DEFINITIONS
4 r	(c) For the purposes of this ordinance, the following terms shall have the following meanings
5 6	(underline denotes state definitions):
7	
8	(1) Abutter: One whose property abuts, that is, adjoins at a border, boundary or point with
9	no intervening land.
10	
11	(2)—Accessory family dwelling unit (ADU): An accessory dwelling unit for the sole use of
12	one or more members of the family of the occupant or occupants of the principal residence, but
13	not needing to have a separate means of ingress and egress. A residential living unit on the same
14	lot where the principal use is a legally established single-family dwelling unit or multi-family
15	dwelling unit. An ADU provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons.
16	It may take various forms including, but not limited to: a detached unit; a unit that is part of an
17	accessory structure, such as a detached garage; or a unit that is part of an expanded or remodeled
18	primary dwelling. The standards for an ADU, including where allowed, are governed by R.I.
19	Gen. Laws § 45-24-73, as amended.
20	
21	(2a) Accessory structure: A subordinate structure detached from but located on the same lot
22	or parcel as the principal structure, the use of which is incidental and accessory to that of the
23	principal structure. A structure is detached when there is no physical connection to the primary
24	structure.
25	Examples: Detached care as used for stores of vahioles and lown maintenance againments
26	Examples: Detached garage used for storage of vehicles and lawn maintenance equipment;
27	garden or tool shed used only for the storage of garden implements and light home maintenance tools; cabana used for dressing and shower rooms and/or swimming pool equipment.
28 29	tools, cabana used for dressing and shower rooms and/or swimming poor equipment.
30	(3)—Accessory use: A use of land or of a building, or portion thereof, customarily incidental
31	and subordinate to the principal use of the land or building, and located on the same lot as the
32	principal use. An accessory use shall not be permitted without the principal use to which it is
33	related.
34	
35	(3a)—Adaptive reuse: The conversion of an existing structure from the use for which it was
36	constructed to a new use by maintaining the elements of the structure and adapting such elements
37	to a new use. See appendix A, Zoning, article IV, section 21, Adaptive reuse projects.
38	
39	(3b)—Adult book/video store: The retail sales of magazines, books, photographs, film, video
40	or any type of reproduction depicting sexual activity or the showing of human male or female
41	genitals, pubic area or buttocks, or the female breast, with less than a fully opaque covering.
42	
43	(3c) Adult entertainment: An activity where any individual works or performs in the nude,
44	meaning the exposure of human male or female genitals, pubic area or buttocks, or the showing
45	of the female breast, with less than a fully opaque covering.

1	(4)—Aggrieved party: Either:
2	(a) Any person or persons or entity or entities who can demonstrate that their property
3	will be injured by a decision of any officer or agency responsible for administering the
4	provisions of this ordinance; or
5	(b) Anyone requiring notice pursuant to this ordinance.
6	
7	(5)—Agricultural land: Land suitable for agriculture by reason of suitability of soil or other
8	natural characteristics or past use for agricultural purposes. Agricultural land includes that
9	defined as prime farmland or additional farmland of statewide importance for Rhode Island by the Soil Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.
10 11	the son conservation service of the 0.5. Department of Agriculture.
11	Agricultural structure: A structure which is reasonably necessary to the conduct of on-site
12	working farms. Agricultural structure includes, barns, shed, silos and other similar structures.
13	working farms. Agricultural structure mendees, barns, shee, shos and buter similar structures.
14 15	(6) Antennae, satellite receiving: A structure used to receive television broadcast signals
15 16	transmitted via satellite.
10	
18	(7) Applicant: An owner or authorized agent of the owner submitting an application or
19	appealing an action of any official, board or agency under the provisions of this ordinance.
20	appearing an action of any official, board of agency ander the provisions of any official
21	(8) Application: The completed form or forms and all accompanying documents, exhibits
22	and fees required of an applicant by an approving authority for development review, approval or
23	permitting purposes as required under the provisions of this ordinance.
24	
25	(8a) Aquaculture: The cultivation, rearing or propagation of aquatic plants or animals under
26	either natural or artificial conditions.
27	
28	(8b) Art center: A facility used for arts instruction, promotion, display and/or sale.
29	
30	Automatic teller machines (ATMS)/Interactive teller machines (ITMS): An indoor or
31	outdoor electronic banking outlet that enables customers to complete banking transactions with
32	or without the aid of a teller.
33	
34	(9)—Bed and breakfast: A single-family dwelling offering transient lodging accommodations
35	to the general public within a portion of said dwelling, and which must include limited food
36	preparation and the serving of such food within a common area.
37	
38	(10)—Billboard: An outdoor sign advertising products or services not made, sold, used or
39	served on the premises, or advertising displayed so as to attract the attention of persons on any
40	public highway; see "Off-site sign" in article XII, section 2.
41	
42	Boat Club: A club that promotes yachting and boating, and which may provide educational,
43	recreational, entertainment and leisure services to its membership or program participants. A
44	boat club may or may not include a boat yard/marina. Also known as a Yacht Club.
45	

1	Boat yard/Marina: Area of land and/or water designated for the storage (indoor and/or outdoor)
2	of vessels, dockage and/or mooring (temporary and long-term), launching ramps, vessel haul-out
3	facilities, and vessel maintenance and repair. These may also include related service facilities
4	such as fueling, sales of vessels and accessories, retails sales of marine products, laundry
5 6	services, pump-out services, and other marine related services.
7 8 9	(11) Buffer: Land which is maintained in either a natural or landscaped state, and is used to screen and/or mitigate the impacts of development on surrounding areas, properties or rights-of-way.
10	<i></i>
11 12	(12) Building: Any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy.
13	occupancy.
14 15	(12a) Building coverage: That portion of the lot that is or may be covered by buildings and accessory buildings. (Same as Lot building coverage.)
16 17 18	(13) Building envelope: The three-dimensional space within which a structure is permitted to be built on a lot, and which is defined by regulations governing building setbacks, maximum
19	height and bulk.
20	
21	(14) Building height: The vertical distance measured from the average natural lot grade at the
22	front of the building, to the top of the highest point of the roof or structure, excluding spires,
23	chimneys, flagpoles and the like. See Article V, Section 4.
24	(15) Duilding official on ingractory The general (a) designated by the taym of generality for
25	(15) Building official or inspector: The person(s) designated by the town as responsible for
26 27	enforcement of the state building code.
27	(16) Building permit: An official certificate issued by the building official which authorizes
29 30	interior or exterior alterations to any structure in conformance with the state building code.
31	(17)—Campground: An area which provides sites and sanitary facilities for the overnight
32	parking of motorized dwelling units, camping trailers, tents and other similar structures. A
33	campground may be commercial, public or private enterprises.
34	
35	(18) Cluster: A site planning technique that concentrates buildings in specific areas on the
36	site to allow the remaining land to be used for recreation, common open space and/or
37	preservation of environmentally, historically, culturally or other sensitive features and/or
38	structures.
39	
40	Commercial dock or pier: A structure extending into a waterbody that is used to service a
41	business or commercial purpose or used to secure a business or commercial vessel.
42	
43	Commercial kitchen: A commercial kitchen is a professional kitchen designed for food
44	preparation on a large scale, with the main focus being to prepare food for customers. These
45 46	kitchens are typically found in restaurants, hotels, bars, and other hospitality businesses. The term "commercial" refers to the fact that these kitchens are designed for selling food rather than

1 2 3 4	food cooked and eaten by the person or people making it. Commercial kitchens are typically equipped with heavy-duty appliances, ample storage space, and robust extractor fans and ventilation systems to handle large turnovers and high output. They must also meet strict health and safety regulations to ensure food is prepared in a hygienic environment.
5 6 7 8	(18a) Common driveway: A driveway passing through private property for the use of adjacent property owners in rural residential developments (see article IX).
9	(19) Common ownership: Either:
10	(a) Ownership by one or more individuals or entities in any form of ownership of two
10	or more contiguous lots; or
12	(b) Ownership by any association, or municipality, of one or more lots under specific
13	development techniques.
14	
15	(20) Community residence: A home or residential facility where children and/or adults
16	reside in a family setting and may or may not receive supervised care. This shall not include
17	halfway houses or substance abuse treatment facilities. This shall include but not be limited to
18	the following:
19	(a) Whenever six or fewer retarded developmentally disabled children or adults reside in
20	any type of residence in the community, as licensed by the state pursuant to chapter
21	<u>24 of title 40.1 G.L. 1956, § 40.1 24 1 et seq.;</u>
22	(b) A group home providing care or supervision, or both, to not more than eight mentally
23	disabled or mentally handicapped or physically handicapped persons with disabilities,
24	and licensed by the state pursuant to <u>chapter 24 of title 40.1</u> G.L. 1956, § 40.1-24-1 et
25 26	seq.; (c) A residence for children providing care or supervision, or both, to not more than eight
20 27	children, including those of the caregiver, and licensed by the state pursuant to
27	<u>chapter 72.1 of title 42</u> G.L. 1956, § 40.1-24-1 et seq.; or
29	(d) A community transitional residence providing care or assistance, or both, to no more
30	than six unrelated persons or no more than three families, not to exceed a total of
31	eight persons, requiring temporary financial assistance, and/or to persons who are
32	victims of crimes, abuse, or neglect, and who are expected to reside in that residence
33	not less than 60 days nor more than two years. Residents will have access to, and use
34	of, all common areas, including eating areas and living rooms, and will receive
35	appropriate social services for the purpose of fostering independence, self-
36	sufficiency, and eventual transition to a permanent living situation.
37	
38	(20a) Compassion center: As defined in G.L. § 21-28.6-3, a not-for-profit corporation, subject
39	to the provisions of chapter 6 of title 7, and registered under G.L. § 21-28.6-12, that acquires,
40	possesses, cultivates, manufactures, delivers, transfers, transports, supplies or dispenses
41 42	marijuana, and/or related supplies and educational materials, to patient cardholders and/or their
42 43	registered caregiver cardholder, who have designated it as one of their primary caregivers.
43 44	(21) Comprehensive community plan: The comprehensive community plan of the town,
44 45	adopted and approved pursuant to G.L. § 45-22.2-1 et seq., and to which the provisions of this
-5	adopted and approved pursuant to 0.2. § 45-22.2-1 et seq., and to which the provisions of this

46 ordinance shall be in compliance.

1 Conservation Development Project: A Conservation Development Project is a subdivision or 2 land development project is a tool to allow the flexibility to design residential development to 3 achieve the objectives of the Tiverton Comprehensive Community Plan as it relates to resource 4 protection, land use and community services. 5 6 7 **Continuing care facility:** A long-term care option for older people who want to stay in the same place through different phases of the aging process, providing a full continuum of care options. 8 9 **Convalescent home:** A facility that provides medical and skilled nursing care for people who 10 are recovering from surgery, illness, or injury. This shall include hospices. 11 12 (22) Day care Day care center: Any other day care center which is not a family day care 13 home. 14 15 (23) Day care—Family day care home: Any home other than the individual's home, in 16 which day care in lieu of parental care or supervision is offered at the same time to six or less 17 individuals who are not relatives of the caregiver, but which may not contain more than a total of 18 eight individuals receiving day care. 19 20 (24) **Density calculation:** The method for calculating development density and/or lot 21 coverage for any given parcel. 22 23 (25) Density, residential: The number of dwelling units per unit of land. 24 25 (26) Development: The construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, 26 27 relocation or enlargement of any structure; any mining, excavation, landfill or land disturbance; or any change in use, or alteration or extension of the use, of land. 28 29 (27) Development plan review: See appendix B, Land Development and Subdivision 30 Regulations, article XVI, as well as G.L. §§ 45-23-32 and 45-23-50. 31 32 33 (28) **District:** See Zoning use districts. 34 35 (29) **Drainage system:** A system for the removal of water from land by drains, grading or other appropriate means. These techniques may include runoff controls to minimize erosion and 36 sedimentation during and after construction or development, the means for preserving surface 37 and ground waters, and the prevention and/or alleviation of flooding. 38 39 40 (30) **Duplex:** A building containing two single dwelling units each with separate entrances divided by a common party wall. 41 42 (33) **Dwelling, multifamily:** Any dwelling containing more than two dwelling units and for 43 occupancy of households living independently of each other, including apartment houses, 44 apartment hotels and flats. 45 46

1 2	(31) Dwelling, single-family: A building used exclusively for occupancy by one household.
2 3 4	(32) Dwelling, two-family: A building used exclusively for occupancy by two households living independently of each other.
5	
6 7	(34) Dwelling unit: A structure or portion thereof providing complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating,
8	cooking and sanitation, and containing a separate means of ingress and egress.
9	
10 11	Earth removal: The removal or extraction for sale of any rock, stone, sand, gravel, loam, topsoil, or other earth or earth products from a lot or plot of land or part thereof; not including
12	the process of grading, or excavation on a lot preparatory to the construction of a structure or
13	street.
14	
15	(35)—Extractive industry: The extraction of minerals, including: solids, such as coal and ores;
16	liquids, such as crude petroleum; and gases, such as natural gases. The term also includes
17	quarrying; well operation; milling, such as crushing, screening, washing and flotation; and other
18	preparation customarily done at the extraction site, or as a part of the extractive activity.
19	
20	(36) Family: A person or persons related by blood, marriage or other legal means; see also
21	Household.
22	
23	Family member: A person, or persons, related by blood, marriage, or other legal means,
24	including, but not limited to, a child, parent, spouse, mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandparents,
25	grandchildren, domestic partner, sibling, care recipient, or member of the household.
26	
27	(36a)—Flexible zoning: A land development tool that allows reduced lot areas and dimensional
28 29	regulations in order to preserve character defining features of a site.
30	(37)—Floating zone: An unmapped zoning district adopted within this ordinance which is
31	established on the zoning map only when an application for development, meeting the zoning
32	district requirements, is approved.
33	
34	(38)—Floodplains or flood hazard area: An area that has a one percent or greater chance of
35	inundation in any given year, as delineated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency
36	pursuant to the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (PL 90-448). An area that is
37	subject to a flood from a storm having a one percent (1%) chance of being equaled or exceeded
38	in any given year, as delineated on a community's flood hazard map as approved by the federal
39	emergency management agency pursuant to the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as
40	amended (Pub. L. No. 90-448), 42 U.S.C. § 4011 et seq.
41	
42	(39) Garage: A detached accessory building or portion of a main building, used for the
43	storage of self-propelled vehicles.
44	
45	(40) Gasoline filling station or service station: A building or premises, or portion thereof,
46	arranged, intended or designed to be used for the sale of gasoline or other motor vehicle, airplane

- or motorboat fuel, oils and accessories for the use of motor vehicles; and the rendering of 1 services such as lubrication, washing and minor repairs, where such service facilities are 2 incidental to such principal filling station uses, but not including body or fender work, or major 3 repairs. 4 5 (40a) Gross floor area: The total floor area of all floors of a building within the inside 6 perimeter of the exterior walls exclusive of vent shafts and courts, without deductions for 7 corridors, stairways, closets, the thickness of interior walls, columns or other similar features. 8 (See also Net leasable floor area.) 9 10 (41) Groundwater: Groundwater and associated terms, as defined in G.L. § 46-13.1-3. 11 12 (42) Halfway house: A residential facility for adults or children who have been 13 institutionalized for criminal conduct, and who require a group setting to facilitate the transition 14 to a functional member of society. 15 16 (43)—Hardship: As set forth in R.I. Gen. Laws 1956, § 45-24-41, hardship is the standard a 17 petitioner must demonstrate in order to be granted a use variance from the requirements of this 18 ordinance. See article XVII of this ordinance. 19 20 (44) Historic district: One or more historic sites and intervening or surrounding property 21 significantly affecting or affected by the quality and character of the historic site or sites, and that 22 has been registered, or is deemed eligible to be included, on the state register of historic places 23 pursuant to G.L. § 42-45-5. 24 25 (45) Historic site: Any real property, manmade structure, natural object, or configuration or 26 27 any portion or group of the foregoing which has been registered, or is deemed eligible to be included, on the state register of historic places pursuant to G.L. § 42-45-5. 28 29 (46) Home occupation: Any activity customarily carried out for gain by a resident, conducted 30 as an accessory use in the resident's dwelling unit. See Article VI, Section 6, of this ordinance. 31 32 33 (47) Hotel: A building of two or more stories providing transient lodging accommodations to the general public, without individual kitchen facilities or separate exterior entrances. Such use 34 may contain accessory facilities including, but not limited to, a restaurant, meeting rooms and 35 recreation facilities. Hotels include inns and similar establishments. A building or buildings 36 containing lodging rooms, a dining room facility, a common entrance lobby, halls, and stairway; 37 and where lodging rooms do not have a direct egress outdoors, except for emergencies; and 38 where more than 50 percent of the lodging rooms are for rent, with or without meals, to transient 39 guests for a continuous period of less than 30 days. 40 41 (48) Household: One or more persons living together in a single dwelling unit, with common 42 access to, and common use of, all living and eating areas and all areas and facilities for the 43 preparation and storage of food within the dwelling unit. The term "household unit" shall be 44
- 45 synonymous with the term "dwelling unit" for determining the number of such units allowed

1	within any structure on any lot in a zoning district. An individual household shall consist of any
2	one of the following:
3	(a) A family, which may also include servants and employees living with the family; or
4	(b) A person or group of unrelated persons living together. The maximum number may
5	be set by this ordinance, not to exceed three such persons. A person or group of
6	unrelated persons living together. The maximum number may be set by local
7	ordinance, but this maximum shall not be less than one person per bedroom and shall
8	not exceed five (5) unrelated persons per dwelling. The maximum number shall not
9	apply to NARR-certified recovery residences.
10	
11	(48a)—Improved lot: A lot upon which a building is located that is used for a principal use. For
12	the purposes of determining merger requirements (see article VII), an unimproved lot is a lot
13	without a principal use structure.
14	
15	(49) Incentive zoning: The process whereby additional development capacity is granted in
16	exchange for a developer's provision of a public benefit or amenity as specified in this ordinance.
17	
18	(50) Infrastructure: Facilities and services needed to sustain residential, commercial,
19	industrial, institutional and other activities.
20	
21	(51) Reserved.
22	(52) Important gurfage Material on the ground that severally restricts or prohibits surfage
23	(52) Impervious surface: Material on the ground that severely restricts or prohibits surface water from penetrating into the soil. As defined by the Rhode Island Department of
24 25	Environment Management Stormwater Management, Design and Installation Rules and
25 26	including those surfaces that cannot effectively infiltrate rainfall and/or stormwater consisting of
20	surfaces such as building rooftops, pavement, sidewalks, driveways, or compacted gravel.
27	surfaces such as building foortops, pavement, sidewarks, uriveways, or compacted graver.
28	(53)—Land development project: A project in which one or more lots, tracts, or parcels of
30	land or a portion thereof are developed or redeveloped as a coordinated site for one or more uses,
31	units, or structures, including, but not limited to, planned development or cluster development
32	for residential commercial, institutional, recreational, open space, or mixed uses.
33	Tor residential commercial, institutional, recreational, open space, or inixed uses.
34	(54)—Line, street: A lot line separating a lot from an adjacent street.
35	
36	(55)—Lot: Either:
37	(a) The basic development unit for determination of lot area, depth and other dimensional
38	regulations; or
39	(b) A parcel of land whose boundaries have been established by some legal instrument
40	such as a recorded deed or recorded map, and which is recognized as a separate legal
41	entity for purposes of transfer of title.
42	
43	(56) Lot area: The total area within the boundaries of a lot, excluding any street right-of-way,
44	usually reported in acres or square feet.
45	

1	(57)—Lot building coverage: That portion of the lot that is or may be covered by buildings and
2	accessory buildings. (Same as Building coverage.)
3	
4 5	(58)—Lot, corner: A lot at the junction of, and fronting on, two or more intersecting streets.
6	(58a)—Lot coverage: That portion of the lot that is or may be covered by buildings and
7	accessory buildings. (Same as Building coverage and Lot building coverage.)
8	
9	(59)—Lot depth: The distance measured from the front lot line to the rear lot line. For lots
10	where the front and rear lot lines are not parallel, the lot depth is an average of this distance.
11	
12	(60)—Lot frontage: That portion of a lot abutting a street. Only contiguous (unbroken)
13	frontage will be considered applicable in meeting the minimum frontage requirements of a given
14	zoning district. Lot frontage shall be measured on the side of the lot that serves as the primary
15	access to the street right-of-way.
16	
17	(61)—Lot line: A line of record, bounding a lot, which divides one lot from another lot, or from
18	a public or private street or any other public or private space, and shall include:
19	(a) Front: The lot line separating a lot from a street right-of-way <u>and shall be the side of</u>
20	the lot that serves as the primary access to the street right-of-way;
21	(b) Rear: The lot line opposite and most distant from the front lot line, or, in the case of
22	triangular or otherwise irregularly shaped lots, an assumed line at least ten feet in
23	length entirely within the lot, parallel to and at a maximum distance from the front lot
24	line; and
25	(c) Side: Any lot line other than a front or rear lot line. On a corner lot, one side lot line
26	will also be a street lot line.
27	
28	(62)—Lot of record: A parcel of land recorded in the office of the Town Clerk of the Town of
29	Tiverton.
30	
31	(63)—Lot, through: A lot which fronts upon two parallel streets, or which fronts upon two
32	streets which do not intersect at the boundaries of the lot.
33	
34	(64) Lot width: The horizontal distance between the side lines of a lot measured at right
35	angles to its depth along a straight line parallel to the front lot line at the minimum front setback
36	line.
37	
38	(65)—Low influx sustainable agriculture (LISA): Agricultural techniques that promote the
39	use of biological interactions and cultural practices over the use of agricultural chemicals. The
40	goal of LISA is productive, profitable farming that protects natural resources and is economically
41	sustainable. It includes such measures as integrated pest management, crop and livestock
42	diversification, soil and water conservation practices and green manures whose application
43	reduces the need for purchased pesticide and fertilizer input.
44	
45	(102) Manufactured home: A structure transportable in one or more sections which is built on
46	a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when

connected to the required utilities. This term does not include park trailer, travel trailer, or other 1 similar vehicles. See R.I. Gen. Laws 45-24-31(50). 2 3 (103) Manufactured home elderly community (MHEC): See article IV, section 16. 4 5 (65a) Marijuana cultivation center: Any entity that, under state law, may acquire, possess, 6 7 cultivate, manufacture, deliver, transfer, transport, or supply marijuana to a registered compassion center, or other entity authorized to dispense marijuana. 8 9 (65b) Marijuana store: Any retail establishment at which the sale or use of marijuana, medical 10 or otherwise, takes place. This shall not include a compassion center regulated and licensed by 11 the State of Rhode Island, as defined herein. 12 13 Medical center: A facility offering outpatient healthcare services to include doctors' offices, lab, 14 diagnostic and treatment facilities. 15 16 (66) Membership athletic club: An organization catering to members and their guests, 17 including premises and buildings utilized for recreational or athletic purposes, which are not 18 conducted for profit. An organization catering to members and their guests, including premises 19 and buildings utilized for recreational or athletic purposes, such as game courts, exercise 20 equipment, locker rooms, pool, hot tub, sauna and/or pro-shop. 21 22 (67) Mere inconvenience: See article XVII of this ordinance. 23 24 (67a) Mini-storage facility: A one-story building or buildings used for public storage and 25 consisting of attached individually rented units. A building consisting of individual, self-26 27 contained units that are leased or owned for the storage of personal property and/or household goods. Not to include explosives, chemicals, flammables, or other hazardous items. 28 29 (68) Mixed use: A mixture of land uses within a single development, building or tract. 30 31 (104a) Retail business, office, and/or consumer service complex Mixed use complex: A 32 33 development of one or more commercial establishments, primarily retail, office, and/or consumer service-oriented in nature, located on a single parcel or contiguous parcels and consisting of an 34 aggregate of 5,000 gross square feet of floor space or more, or a total land area with an aggregate 35 of 20,000 square feet or more. The footprint area of any single structure and/or the total 36 aggregate footprint of connected all structures shall not exceed 40,000 square feet. The 37 associated parking and circulation area per structure or connected structure shall not exceed 38 60,000 square feet. For the purpose of this section any structures located within 20 feet of each 39 other shall be deemed to be connected structures. 40 41 These developments may include, but are not limited to, a variety of retail shops that specialize 42 in food, quality apparel, hard goods and services such as grocery stores, department stores, real 43 estate offices, dance studios, florists and small restaurants. 44 45

- 1 Such developments shall be considered land development projects, as defined herein, and shall
- 2 be reviewed as major land developments in accordance with the land development and
- subdivision regulations, and design standards, of the Town of Tiverton and approved by the
 planning board.
- 4 5
- 6 (69) Mixed use residential: A structure which is used for both residential and commercial 7 purposes, each of which is totally separated from the other.
- 8
- (70) Mobile home: Any vehicle or similar structure designed and constructed so as to permit 9 the occupancy thereof as a dwelling by one or more persons, and so designed and constructed 10 that it was or may be mounted on wheels and used as a conveyance on a street or highway, 11 propelled or drawn by its own or other motive power. Mobile home shall include previously 12 portable vehicles or structures which have been placed on a permanent foundation, but shall not 13 include a prefabricated home or structure. A transportable, single-family dwelling unit suitable 14 for year-round occupancy with or without a permanent foundation and having a water supply and 15 waste disposal system comparable to immobile housing. A mobile home is designed to be 16 transported on streets and highways on its own wheels and to arrive at the site where it is to be 17 occupied as a dwelling unit complete and ready for occupancy, except for minor and incidental 18 unpacking and assembly operations, location on racks or permanent foundations, and connection 19 to utilities and water supply and waste disposal systems. Removal of wheels and/or axles shall 20 21 not change its status as a mobile home. 22 (71) Modification: If later allowed by amendment to this ordinance, permission Permission 23 granted and administered by the zoning enforcement officer to grant a dimensional variance, 24 other than lot area, from the requirements of this ordinance, but not to exceed 25 percent of each 25 of the applicable dimensional requirements. See Article X, Section 7, of this Ordinance. 26 27 (72) Motel: A one- or two-story building providing transient lodging accommodations to the 28 general public consisting of rooms or suites with separate entrances facilities. Such use may 29 include a general kitchen and common dining room. Motels include motor inns, motor lodges, 30 tourist courts, cabins and other similar establishments. 31 32 33 (72a) Net leasable floor area: The total leasable floor area of all floors of a building within the inside perimeter of the exterior walls exclusive of the thickness of interior walls, vent shafts, 34 courts, corridors, lobbies, common areas, stairways, elevators, mechanical rooms, closets, 35 columns or other similar features. (See also Gross floor area.) 36 37 (73)—Nonconformance: A building, structure or parcel of land, or use thereof, lawfully 38 existing at the time of the adoption or amendment of this ordinance and not in conformity with 39 the provisions of the zoning ordinance or amendment. Nonconformance shall be of only two 40 types: 41 (a) **Nonconforming by use:** A lawfully established use of land, building or structure 42 which is not a permitted use in that zoning district, including a building or structure 43 containing more dwelling units than are permitted by the use regulations of this 44 ordinance; or 45

1	(b) Nonconforming by dimension: A building, structure or parcel of land not in
2	compliance with the dimensional regulations of this zoning ordinance, including a
3	building or structure containing a permitted number of dwelling units by the use
4	regulations of this ordinance, but not meeting the lot area per dwelling unit
5	regulations. A building, structure, or parcel of land not in compliance with the dimensional regulations of the generic ordinance. Dimensional regulations include all
6	dimensional regulations of the zoning ordinance. Dimensional regulations include all regulations of the zoning ordinance, other than those pertaining to the permitted uses.
7	A building or structure containing more dwelling units than are permitted by the use
8 9	regulations of a zoning ordinance is nonconforming by use; a building or structure
10	containing a permitted number of dwelling units by the use regulations of the zoning
11	ordinance, but not meeting the lot area per dwelling unit regulations, is
12	nonconforming by dimension.
13	
14	(73a)—Non-residential cooperative cultivation: A use of land located in a non-residential
15	zone, or of a building, or a portion thereof, located in a non-residential zone, for the cultivation
16	of marijuana by two or more cardholders, as defined in G.L. § 21-28.6-3.
17	
18	(74)—Overlay district: A district established in this ordinance that is superimposed on one or
19	more districts or parts of districts, and that imposes specified requirements in addition to, but not
20	less than, those otherwise applicable for the underlying district.
21	
22	(75) Performance standards: A set of criteria or limits relating to elements which a
23	particular use or process either must meet or may not exceed.
24 25	(76) Dormitted use: A use by right which is specifically outhorized in a particular zoning
25 26	(76) Permitted use: A use by right which is specifically authorized in a particular zoning district.
20	district.
28	(76a)—Personal residential marijuana cultivation: Marijuana cultivation by a single
29	registered patient or caregiver cardholder, as defined in G.L. ch. 21-28.6, within his or her
30	residential dwelling for medical use only. This use shall only be permitted as an accessory use to
31	a lawfully permitted residential use. In a mixed-use building that contains residential and
32	nonresidential uses, this use shall be contained within the residential dwelling unit only.
33	
34	(77)—Planned development: A "land development project" as defined herein, and developed
35	according to a plan as a single entity and containing one or more structures and/or uses with
36	appurtenant common areas.
37	
38	(78) Planning board: The Planning Board of the Town of Tiverton.
39	
40	(79) Preapplication conference: A review meeting of a proposed development held between
41 42	applicants and reviewing officials and/or agencies prior to formal submission of an application
42 43	for a permit or approval.
43 44	(80) Principal or main use: The specific primary purpose to for which a lot of land or
44 45	structure is used.
45 46	
40	

(81)—**Professional home office:** Not more than one office or studio of a physician, dentist, 1 attorney, architect, engineer, land surveyor, real estate broker, accountant, insurance agent or 2 other professional person licensed by law or certified by a recognized professional society or 3 agency and providing professional services, residing on the premises, and having not more than 4 one employee or associate, and utilizing not more than 250 350 square feet of floor space. 5 6 7 (81a) - Residential arts and crafts: The creation of art objects or functional items by a person residing on the premises, provided the following standards are met: no heat, smoke, glare, dust, 8 odors, vibration or offensive noise detectable beyond the edge of the lot; no outside storage of 9 materials; and no substantial increase in traffic. Residential arts and crafts shall not include tattoo 10 parlors. 11 12 (81b) - Residential cooperative cultivation: A use of land located in a residential zone, or of a 13 building, or a portion thereof, located in a residential zone, for the cultivation of marijuana by 14 two or more cardholders, as defined in G.L. § 21-28.6-3. 15 16 (101) – **Retirement residence/assisted living/continuing care facility:** An elderly housing 17 facility licensed in whole or in part in accordance with the assisted living provisions of G.L. § 18 23-7.4-1 et seq., as amended, and where applicable, G.L. § 23-17-1 et seq., as amended, that 19 provides elderly residents with flexible living arrangements and choices with regard to services 20 and assistance. Such facilities: 21 (a) Consist of one primary structure housing central dining, recreational, cultural, 22 avocational, personal care, and shared transportation facilities. Integral facilities for 23 independent or semi-independent living and nursing care may also be included. 24 (b) May include within the primary structure ancillary facilities such as retail services, 25 beauty parlors, libraries and laundry rooms serving exclusively the residents of the 26 27 facility, with no outside signs or direct outside entrances to such services permitted. (c) May include within the primary structure offices, meeting and conference rooms for 28 administrative functions related to the operation, business, programs or services of the 29 facility. 30 (d) May have within the primary structure, or attached thereto, a nursing care facility 31 licensed in accordance with G.L. tit. 23, ch. 17-1 et seq., entitled "Licensing of Health 32 Care Facilities," primarily for the use of the residents. 33 (e) Provide individual residential units consisting of either a studio, one bedroom or two 34 bedrooms, with services to include but not limited to three daily meals in a communal 35 setting, housekeeping services, 24-hour personal assistance, recreational facilities, 36 and transportation services for the benefit of its residents. Individual units shall have 37 not less than 400 square feet of living space, and shall be equipped with a bathroom, 38 but shall not have exterior entrances, excluding access to ground level apartment 39 private patio, nor shall they have a full kitchen, but may have a hospitality station 40 consisting of a refrigerator, microwave oven, and/or a properly installed two burner 41 cook-top. 42 43

(81c) - Rural residential developments: Alternative residential subdivisions designed to protect
 rural character through the use of flexible zoning, different engineering and design standards
 and/or decreased site density, as compared to conventional subdivisions. There are three types of

- 1 rural residential developments. Rural compounds, rural subdivisions and rural frontage
- 2 subdivisions, as defined in article IX of this ordinance.
- 3

4 (82) Setback line or lines: A line or lines parallel to a lot line at the minimum distance of the
 5 required setback for the zoning district in which the lot is located, that establishes the area within
 6 which the principal structure must be erected or placed.

7

8 (104b) Shopping centers, malls, mini-malls and strip-malls: A development of an integrated group of commercial establishments, including supermarkets, which in the aggregate have a 9 footprint exceeding 40,000 square feet, that is planned, developed, owned and managed as a unit 10 and may contain non-merchandising facilities as well, such as office buildings, movie theaters, 11 restaurants, post offices, banks, health clubs and recreational facilities (for example, ice skating 12 rinks or indoor miniature golf courses). A shopping center's composition is related to its market 13 area in terms of size, location and type of store. A shopping center may be composed of one or 14 more structures. A shopping center also provides on-site parking facilities sufficient to serve its 15 own parking demands. 16 17 Such developments shall be considered land development projects, as defined herein, and shall 18 be reviewed as major land developments in accordance with the land development and 19 subdivision regulations, and design standards, of the Town of Tiverton and approved by the 20 planning board. 21 22 (83)—Site plan: The development plan for one or more lots on which is shown the existing 23 24 and/or proposed conditions of the lot. 25 (84) Special use: A regulated use which is permitted pursuant to a special use permit issued 26 27 under the provisions of article XVI of this ordinance. 28 (85) Street: A public or private thoroughfare used, or intended to be used, for passage of 29 travel by motor vehicles. 30 31 (86) Street, public: Either a street constructed, improved and accepted for maintenance by the 32 33 Town of Tiverton, or a state road. 34 35 (87) Structure: A combination of materials to form a construction for use, occupancy or ornamentation, whether installed on, above or below the surface of land or water. 36 37 (88) Substandard lot of record: Any lot lawfully existing at the time of adoption or 38 amendment of this ordinance, and not in conformance with the dimensional and/or area 39 provisions of the ordinance. 40 41 (89) Unsuitable land: Street rights-of-way and lands which, when developed, would result in 42 environmental harm and/or present a threat to the public health or safety. Such lands include, but 43 are not limited to, the following: 44

- 45 (a) Waters, and coastal and freshwater wetlands as defined herein.
- (b) Land with slopes greater than or equal to 21 percent.

1 2	(c) Land located in any flood hazard area or coastal high hazard area, as shown on the most recent flood insurance rate map or floodway map for the Town of Tiverton
3	published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
4	(d) Any unique sites having significant historic or archaeological value, or consisting of
5	an endangered or threatened species habitat, as identified by the appropriate state or
6	federal agency.
7	(e) An area of a tract proposed for development that is equal to the area of the street
8	rights-of-way for such development.
9	
10	(90)—Use: The purpose or activity for which land or buildings are designed, arranged or
11	intended, or for which land or buildings are occupied or maintained.
12	
13	(91) Variance: <u>Permission to depart from the literal requirements of a zoning ordinance</u> . An
14	authorization for the construction or maintenance of a building or structure, or for the
15	establishment or maintenance of a use of land, which is prohibited by this ordinance. There shall
16	be only two categories of variance:
17	(a) Use variance: Permission to depart from the use requirements of this ordinance,
18	where the applicant for the requested variance has shown by evidence upon the record
19	that the subject land or structure cannot yield any beneficial use if it is to conform to
20	the provisions of the ordinance; or
21	(b) Dimensional variance: Permission to depart from the dimensional requirements of
22	this zoning ordinance under the applicable standards set forth in G.L. § 45-24-41.
23	
24	(92) Waters: As defined in G.L. § 46-12-1(b) <u>46-12-1(23)</u> .
25	
26	(93) Wetland, coastal: As defined in G.L. <u>§ 2-1-14</u> <u>45-22.2-4</u> .
27	
28	(94) Wetland, freshwater: As defined in G.L. § 2-1-20.
29	
30	Wind turbine: Any device that converts the kinetic energy of wind into electrical energy,
31	including structures such as towers, blades, transformers, power distribution poles and cables.
32	
33	(95) Yard: An area on the same lot with a main building which is open, unoccupied and
34	unobstructed by buildings or structures from the ground to the sky, except as otherwise provided
35	in this ordinance, and shall include:
36	(a) Front: The area between a street line and a line parallel thereto drawn through the
37	nearest point of a main structure, extending between side lot lines;
38	(b) Rear: The area extending across the full width of the lot between the rearmost main
39	building and the rear lot line, the depth of which shall be the least distance between
40	the rear lot line and the rear of such main building; and
41	(c) Side: The area between the main building and the side lot line, extending from the front word, or front lot line, where no front word is required to the recruited. The width
42	front yard, or front lot line where no front yard is required, to the rear yard. The width
43	of the required side yard shall be measured horizontally from the nearest point of the side lot line toward the nearest part of the main building
44	side lot line toward the nearest part of the main building.
45	

1	A required open space on a lot, unoccupied and unobstructed by any structure or portions of a
2	structure from the general ground level of the graded lot upward; provided that drives, walks,
3	and customary yard accessories and other structures or projections as specifically allowed by this
4	ordinance may be allowed in any yard. The following yards are specifically defined in this
5	ordinance:
6	(a) Yard, corner side: A side yard on that side of a lot located at the corner or
7	intersection of two street lines, nearest the side street.
8	(b) Yard, front: A required yard extending between side lot lines across the full width of
9	the lot adjacent to any street line, and to the depth of the required front yard setback.
10	(c) Yard, rear: A required yard extending across the full width of the lot adjacent to any
11	rear lot line(s), and to the depth of the required rear yard setback.
12	(d) Yard, side: A required yard extending from the rear of the required front yard to the
13	required rear yard and to the depth of the required side yard setback; and if there is no
14	rear yard, then extending from the required front yard to another required front yard
15	or required side yard or to another part of the same required front yard.
16	
17	(96) Zoning board or board: The Zoning Board of Review of the Town of Tiverton.
18	
19	(97) Zoning certificate: A document signed by the zoning officer as required in this
20	ordinance, which acknowledges that a use, structure, building or lot either complies with, or is
21	legally nonconforming to, the provisions of the ordinance, or is an authorized variance or
22	modification therefrom.
23	
24	(98) Zoning map: The maps which are a part of this ordinance, and which delineate the
25	boundaries of all mapped zoning districts within the physical boundary of the Town of Tiverton.
26	
27	(99) Zoning officer: The zoning officer of the Town of Tiverton who is responsible for
28	administering and enforcing the provisions of this ordinance. The zoning officer may also be the
29	building official for the town.
30	
31	(100)—Zoning use districts: The basic unit in zoning, either mapped or unmapped, to which a
32	uniform set of regulations applies; or a uniform set of regulations for a specified use.
33	
34	

ARTICLE III. – ZONING DISTRICTS Section 1. Establishment of districts. Bay. setting.

To achieve the purpose of this ordinance, the Town of Tiverton is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

a. *Residential R-30.* This district contains areas of the town which are partially or fully developed at an approximate density of one dwelling unit per 30,000 square feet, or greater, and areas for which this density is considered appropriate. The R-30 District consists of the residential portions of the northwest corner of Tiverton, west of Fish Road and extending to Mount Hope Bay.

b. *Residential R-40*. This district contains areas of the town which are partially or fully developed at an approximate density of one dwelling unit per 40,000 square feet, and areas for which this density is considered appropriate. The R-40 District consists of the residential portions of Tiverton west of Fish Road, lying generally between Route 24 and Bulgarmarsh Road.

c. *Residential R-60*. This district contains areas of the town which are partially or fully developed at an approximate density of one dwelling unit per 60,000 square feet, and areas for which this density is considered appropriate. The R-60 District consists of the residential portion on the north side of Souza Road between Main Road and Fish Road.

d. *Residential R-120*. This district contains areas of the town which are composed of agricultural uses, low density residential areas and certain open spaces for which development at a density at or lower than one dwelling unit per 120,000 square feet is considered appropriate. The R-120 District consists of the residential portions of the entire area of Tiverton south of Bulgarmarsh Road.

- e. *Village Commercial VC*. This district is that area of town known as Tiverton Four Corners
 which is characterized by small scale retail, restaurant and office uses in a compact and historic
 setting.
- f. *General Commercial GC*. This district contains areas of the town which form the basic pattern
 of retail and service businesses serving the community, and the areas planned for expansion of
 such businesses. The GC District includes the major commercial area along Main Road in the
 northwest corner of Tiverton, and the smaller commercial area along Stafford Road, extending
 north from its intersection with Bulgarmarsh Road.
- g. *Highway Commercial HC*. This district contains areas of the town where businesses which
 serve regional needs rely on easy vehicular access and large land areas for parking and
 development. The HC District includes the commercial area bordering the City of Fall River
 and lying between Route 24 and Stafford Road, and the commercial area at the interchange of
 Route 24 and Fish Road and extending west along the south side of Souza Road.

h. Waterfront W1. This district includes certain non residential and mixed use areas along the 1 Sakonnet River for which primarily water dependent commercial uses are required provides 2 locations for moderate to high impact marine related commercial uses on and adjacent to the 3 waterfront. 4 5 Waterfront W2. This district provides locations for a mixture of residential and low impact 6 service, retail, commercial, and marine related uses on and adjacent to the waterfront. 7 8 ij. Industrial I. This district contains that area of the town currently used for industrial and related 9 uses, and which is considered suitable for future industrial development. The I District consists 10 of a large land area east of Fish Road and on both sides of Route 24, and a smaller land area 11 west of Fish Road and lying between the R-30 District and Souza Road. 12 13 ik. Open Space/Conservation OS. This district includes areas of coastal land and open space which 14 are either owned publicly or by a private land conservation entity (e.g. land trust, Nature 15 Conservancy, Audubon Society) and which are protected for one or more of the following 16 purposes: keeping the land in a natural undeveloped condition, providing passive recreational 17 opportunities to the public, and preserving specific habitat areas or agricultural uses. This 18 district does not include undeveloped land which is privately owned but unprotected or 19 protected by means of the purchase of development rights by the town or state, nor does it 20 include land set aside as common open space as part of a rural residential development (see 21 article IX). 22 23 kl. Watershed Protection Overlay District WP. This is an overlay district applied to those areas of 24 Tiverton which comprise the watersheds of Stafford Pond and Nonquit Pond, public drinking 25 water supplies. The WP Overlay District is governed by specific regulations (see article VIII). 26 27 28

1 2

Section 1. Interpretation of zoning district use table.

ARTICLE IV. DISTRICT USE REGULATIONS

3 4 5

The status of the uses listed in the following zoning district use table are indicated by symbols appearing under the appropriate column headings. The interpretation of the symbols is

- 6 symbols ap7 as follows:
- , 8

Р	The use is permitted. <u>Note: The use may be subject to performance standards set forth in Article</u> VI, Section 10, and subject to other standards in the Zoning Ordinance.
S	The use is permitted only as a special use granted by the zoning board of review, in accordance with articles XV and XVI. Uses requiring a special use permit may also subject to performance standards in Article VI, Section 10 and other standards in the Zoning Ordinance.
Ν	The use is not permitted.

9

- 10 All uses designated as "S", special use permit required, shall be converted to "N", not
- permitted, for the period of January 1, 2024 to and including November 30, 2024, unless
- 12 exempted from this Ordinance by act of the Town Council.

13 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 3-24-08(2); Ord. of 11-30-23(2); Ord. 6-24-24)

14 Section 2. Residential uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Single-family dwelling	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
b.	Two-family dwelling	Р	Ν	Р	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
с.	Three-family dwelling	S	Ν	S	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
d.	Multi-family structure or apartment house (4 or more units), without public water and sewer	N	N	N	N	Z	Z	N	Z	2	N	N	
e.	Multi-family structure or apartment house (4 or more units), with public water and sewer	Ρ	N	Ρ	N	Z	Z	N	Z	2	N	N	N
f.	Mixed-use residential	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	N	<u>N-P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section 10</u>
g.	Household	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	N	₽		N	N	
<u>h. g.</u>	Community residence	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	Р	P	Ν	Ν	
<u>∔.</u> h.	Family day care	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	Р	P	Ν	Ν	
j.	Taking of boarders or the renting of rooms by a resident family (not to exceed two roomers or boarders)	Þ	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	N	N		₽	N	
<u>ki.</u>	Bed and breakfast	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	N-<u>S</u>	<u>S</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>

Zoning Amendment Waterfront – PB Approved 9/10/24

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	НС	W <u>1</u>	W2	1	OS	Notes
<u>+-j.</u>	Motel or hotel Hotel	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	Ρ	N	<u>P</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section 10</u>
<u>k.</u>	<u>Motel</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N								
m. l<u>.</u>	Home occupation carried on by the occupant of the residence, including residential arts and crafts but excluding sales of such items	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	P	Ρ	P	N	Ρ	<u>P</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section 6</u>
n. <u>m.</u>	Sale of agricultural products grown on the premises	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	Р	N	
o. <u>n.</u>	One satellite receiving antenna, one meter or less in diameter	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽		₽	N	
р. <u>о.</u>	Satellite receiving antenna, more than one meter and up to two meters in diameter	N	₽	N	N	₽	₽	₽	₽		₽	N	
q. <u>p.</u>	Satellite receiving antenna, more than two meters in diameter, or more than one antenna of any size	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
r.<u>.q.</u>	Convalescent, rest or nursing home	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
s. <u>r.</u>	Retirement residence/assisted living facility/and continuing care facility	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
t. <u>s.</u>	Manufactured home elderly community *	Р	N	Ρ	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article IV,</u> <u>Section 16</u>
u. <u>t.</u>	Accessory building including a garage, shed, studio and any other building incidental to and located on the same lot as the residential use permitted**	Ρ	Ρ	P	P	Ν	N	Ν	<u>N-P</u>	<u>P</u>	Ν	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article IV,</u> <u>Section 14</u>

1

2 * According to the provisions of section 16 of this article.

3 ** See section 14 of this article.

4 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-24-03; Ord. of 3-24-08(2); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

1

2 Section 3. Farming or raising of animals.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Commercial raising of crops, including associated greenhouse or nursery*	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	N	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	For retail sales of agriculture products see Article IV, Section 10
b.	Commercial raising of animals or fowl. This includes kennels for the raising, boarding or sale of dogs, cats or other fur- bearing animals, but not the raising of swine	Ζ	Ν	N **	N **	Ν	Ζ	Ν	Ν	2	Z	Z	Commercial raising of animals or fowl shall become a use allowed by right rather than special use permit where the subject property is five acres or greater in area.
<u>C.</u>	Commercial kennels, raising and/or boarding and/or sale of dogs, cats, or other fur bearing animals	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	
c. <u>d.</u>	Preserve for the protection of wildlife and plant life	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	Р	Р	
d. e <u>.</u>	An accessory building or structure to be used for the display and sale of the agricultural products produced by the uses allowed herein on said land	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ρ	Ν	
e. <u>f.</u>	Accessory building including a garage, greenhouse, stable, barn, pen, coop, kennel, crib, silo and any other building, equipment or activity incidental to, necessary for and located on the same lot as the agricultural use permitted***	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	N	Ρ	Ρ	Ν	N	Ρ	Ν	See Article IV, Section 14
f. g.	Land-based Aquaculture	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
<u>h.</u>	Fish and shellfish processing and storage for retail sales	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>								

Zoning Amendment Waterfront – PB Approved 9/10/24

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
<u>i.</u>	Private stable	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	
Ŀ	Commercial stable or riding academy	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>								
д. k.	Non-residential cooperative cultivation	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
h. I.	Residential cooperative cultivation	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
÷.	Personal residential marijuana cultivation	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	N	
÷	Marijuana cultivation center	N	N	N	N	₽	N	N	N	₽	N	N	

1 * For retail sales of agriculture products see section 10.

2 **Commercial raising of animals or fowl shall become a use allowed by right rather than special use permit where

3 the subject property is five acres or greater in area.

4 *****See section 14 of this article.**

5

6 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 4-11-16; Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

7 Section 4. Public and semipublic uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	НС	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	Notes
a.	Church or other place of worship	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	Р	N	
b.	Nonprofit organization club, lodge, social or community center building	N	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ρ	Ν	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>P</u>	Ρ	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section</u> <u>10</u>
с.	Art center	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
d.	Membership athletic club	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	Р	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	
e.	Hospital, medical center or clinic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
f.	<u>Medical center up to</u> 20,000 square foot building footprint	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	
g.	<u>Medical center from</u> 20,000 to 40,000 square foot building footprint	<u>N</u>	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	
h.	Municipal or government building	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	N	<u>N</u>	Р	N	
i.	Fire or police station	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	Р	Р	Ν	N	Р	Ν	
j.	Day care center Child day care center licensed by the state under RIGL Chapter 27.1 -Licensing and Monitoring of Child Care Providers, and Adult Day Care Programs licensed under RIGL section 23-1-52 Brivate per profit school	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
k.	Private non-profit school (Pre K – 12)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
Ι.	Junior college, college or university	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
m.	Private trade or professional or other school	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	₩ <u>S</u>	Z	Ν	Ν	See Article VI, Section 10 Article XVI, Section 5
n.	School conducted as a private gainful business for teaching subjects such as music, singing, and dancing, karate or martial arts, and computer training	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	Ρ	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	
0.	Cemetery, whether public or private <u>*with or</u> <u>without a columbarium</u>	N-<u>S</u>	N-<u>S</u>	N- S	N-<u>S</u>	N	N-<u>S</u>	N-<u>S</u>	N	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
<u>p.</u>	<u>Columbarium</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	<u>N</u>	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> Section 5

1 According to the standards of Section 3.c of Article XVI.

2 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

3 Section 5. Public utility uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Electric power generating	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
	station												
b.	Electric power substation	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Р	Ν	
с.	High voltage electric	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>₩ S</u>	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	See
	transmission towers												Article
													<u>XVI,</u>
													Section 5
d.	Towers, including but not	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	N	<u>₩ S</u>	<u>N</u>	N	Ν	See
	limited to, radio frequency												<u>Article</u>
	towers												<u>XVI,</u>
													Section 5
e.	Water tower	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	Ν	<u>N</u>	Р	Ν	
g.	Sewage treatment plant or	N	₩	N	N	N	₩	₩			N	N	
	solid waste disposal facility												
h.	Municipal water and sewer	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	Р	Ν	
<u>f.</u>	lines												
i.	Public utility structure not	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
<u>g.</u>	otherwise specified												

4 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

1 Section 6. Open r<u>R</u>ecreation uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W1	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Golf course or golf club	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	<u>N</u>	N	Ν	
b.	Driving tee or range, miniature golf course, or similar use operated for commercial purposes	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
с.	Public park												
	 To include structures for shelter, education and comfort of users 	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	N	Ρ	Р	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	
	(2) To include furnishing of food and drink, and personal services and equipment incidental to use of such park	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	Ρ	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	
d.	Bathing beach <u>(public</u> <u>only)</u>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	Р	N	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	
e.	Municipal or commercial swimming pool	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	Р	Р	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
f.	Swimming pool as an accessory use	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Р	N	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	Ρ	N	
g.	Riding stable or academy	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
h.	<u>Boat or</u> Yacht club or marina	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	<u>P</u>	Ν	N	
i.	Waterfront recreation business. This includes boat rentals and tours, charter fishing boats or similar uses	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	Ρ	<u>P</u>	Ν	N	
ј.	Other open Indoor commercial recreational use	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Other than as permitte d by Article IV, Section 19
k.	Campground	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	

2 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

3 Section 7. Office uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Professional home office	Z	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	<u>P</u>	Ν	Ν	See Article VI, Section 10
b.	Professional and <u>G</u> eneral office including real estate, insurance etc.	N	N	N	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	
c.	Bank , <u>or</u> credit union or office building	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N</u>	

Zoning Amendment Waterfront – PB Approved 9/10/24

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	нс	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
	(1) Not including drive through service	N	N	N	N	N	₽	₽			N	N	
	(2) Including drive through service	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		<u></u> ₽	N	N	
d.	Temporary sales or promotion office in connection with adjacent construction, limited to one year Any of the above permitted uses within this section that includes a drive through	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	₽ <u>N</u>	₽ <u>N</u>	Ν	<u>S</u>	₽ <u>.N</u>	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section</u> <u>5</u>

1 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

2 Section 8. Restaurants and entertainment.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R- 120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Restaurant												
	(1) Not including entertainment	N	N	N	N	Ρ	Р	Ρ	<u>₩₽</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section 10</u>
	(2) Including entertainment	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	<u>N-S</u>	<u>s</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
b.	Tavern <u>Bar</u> or night club												
	(1) Without adult entertainment	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N <u>S</u>	<u>s</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> Section 5
	(2) With adult entertainment	N	N	N	N	N	N	N*	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
с.	Theater or concert hall	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
d.	Indoor commercial recreation	N	N	N	N	N	₽	₽	N	₽	N	N	
е. <u>d.</u>	Restaurant Any of the above uses in this section with drive-through service	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	

3 Such use shall not be located within 1,000 feet of any church, school, day care center or residence.

4 Section 9. Service business.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	НС	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Personal convenience services, including, but not limited to: barber shop, beautician, shoe repair, tailor	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	N <u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	Ν	Ν	
b.	Laundromat or dry cleaning facility <u>that does not process</u> <u>on site</u>	N	N	N	N	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	НС	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	Notes
С.	Specialty services, including, but not limited to: printing shop, photo studio, interior decorating shop, catering service	N	N	N	N	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	₩ <u>₽</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	
d.	Mortuary or funeral home	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Р	Р	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
e.	Electronic or appliance repair shop	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
f.	Veterinary office or animal hospital	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Р	Р	N	<u>N</u>	Ν	N	
<u>g.</u>	Pet grooming	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>								
g. <u>h.</u>	General automotive repair shop	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
h. i.	Vehicle rental agency	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
<u>∔. j.</u>	Self-service car wash	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	
j. <u>k.</u>	Commercial dock or pier	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	<u>P</u>	N	N	
k. <u>I.</u>	Storage, repair and sales of boats and marine accessories	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	N -P	<u>P</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section 10</u>
<u>m.</u>	<u>Marina or boat yard</u>	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	<u>N</u>	See Article VI, Section 10

1 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 7-24-23(1); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

2 Section 10. Retail business.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	General retail business,	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	Р	Р	<u>ң Р</u>	<u>P</u>	Ν	Ν	See Article
	including but not limited												VI, Section
	to: grocery/convenience												<u>10</u>
	store, pharmacy, hardware												
	store, variety/general												
	merchandise store,												
	furniture/house-hold												
	goods store Retail business												
	of less than 20,000 square												
	foot building footprint												
b.	Specialty retail business,	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Р	Р	Р	<u> </u>	<u>N</u>	N	Ν	See Article
	including but not limited												VI, Section
	to: antique store,												<u>10</u>
	bookstore, decorative												
	arts/house-												
	wares/furnishings store,												
	specialty food store <u>Retail</u>												
	business between 20,000												
	square foot and 40,000												
	square foot building												
	<u>footprint</u>												
с.	Single or multiple structure	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	
	shopping centers, malls,												
	mini-malls and strip-malls												
	over 40,000 square feet												

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	Notes
d.	Retail business, office and/or consumer service complex Mixed use	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N <u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	Р	N	See Article VI, Section
	complex: structure of up to 20,000 square foot building footprint for retail, commercial, or office uses permitted within the district by right or by special use permit												<u>10</u>
<u>e.</u>	Mixed use complex: structure of over 20,000 and up to 40,000 square foot building footprint for retail, commercial, or office uses permitted within the district by right or by special use permit	N	N	N	N	N	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	<u>P</u>	N	See Article VI, Section 10
<u>f.</u>	Mixed use complex: <u>Structure of over 40,000</u> <u>square foot building</u> <u>footprint for retail,</u> <u>commercial, or office uses</u> <u>permitted within the</u> <u>district by right or by</u> <u>special use permit</u>	<u>N</u>	2	2	N	N	2	N	N	N	N	N	
e -g.	Retail sales accessory to the manufacture or assembly of products on the premises ^{****}	N	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>P</u>	N	N	See Article IV, Section 14 Article VI, Section 10
f <u>h</u> .	Retail sales with open lot storage <u>(other than display</u> for sale)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>₩ P</u>	<u>N</u>	N	N	See Article VI, Section 10
g.	Retail sales of agricultural products, the majority of which are not grown on the premises**	N	₽	₽	N	N	₽	N	N		N	N	
<u>hi.</u>	Package liquor store	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
Ψ <u>i</u> .	Adult book/video store <u>******</u>	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Such use shall not be located within 1,000 feet of any church, school, day care center or residence.
<u>jk.</u>	Gasoline filling station, including retail sales as an accessory use <u>****</u>	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>See Article</u> IV, Section <u>14</u>

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
													<u>Article X,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
<u>kl.</u>	Auto or truck sales in a building (including repairs) or an open lot	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
l.<u>m.</u>	Trailer sales, service and storage	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Ν	<u>N</u>	N	N	
m.	Compassion Center	N	N	₽	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
n.	Marijuana store	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	

1 * According to the provisions of section 16 of this article.

2 ** For retail sales of agriculture products see section 10.

3 *** Commercial raising of animals or fowl shall become a use allowed by right rather than special use permit where the subject

4 property is five acres or greater in area.

5 <u>**** See section 14 of this article.</u>

6 ***** According to the standards of Section 3.c of Article XVI.

****** See section 2.1 for sale of home grown agricultural products and section 3.a for sale of agricultural products grown
 commercially.

9 ****** Such use shall not be located within 1,000 feet of any church, school, day care center or residence.

10 ******* The gross area of any single structure shall not exceed 40,000 square feet and its associated off street parking area 11 shall not exceed 60,000 square feet.

12 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 3-25-02; Ord. of 3-22-04; Ord. of 3-24-08(3); Ord. of 4-11-16; Ord. of 11-30-23(2); Ord. 6-

13 24-24))

14 Section 11. Transportation uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Commercial airport or heliport	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
b.	Private landing strip or helipad	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
с.	Bus or rail passenger station	Ν	N	N	N	Ν	N	Ν	N	<u>N</u>	N	N	
d.	Commercial off-street parking facility, including bus or other vehicle storage	Z	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Z	Ν	<u>N</u>	Ν	Ν	
<u>e.</u>	State or municipal off- street parking lot	<u>N</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>							

15 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

16

1 Section 12. Wholesale business and storage.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	1	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Wholesale business and storage of nonflammable and non-explosive material in a building	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	N	Ρ	Ν	<u>See</u> <u>Article VI,</u> <u>Section 10</u>
b.	Wholesale business which may include open lot storage of material, products and/or construction or other equipment	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	N	
с.	Mini-storage facility	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	
d.	Storage of flammable and/or explosive material	N	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	
e.	Retail outlet accessory to a wholesale or storage use	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ρ	<u>ң р</u>	<u>N</u>	N	N	<u>See</u> Article VI, Section 10

2 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2))

3 Section 13. Industrial uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	I	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Manufacturing, storing, processing, fabricating, activities in conformance with article XIII	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	N	Ν	<u>₩-₽</u>	<u>P</u>	Ν	Ν	See Article VI, Section 10
b.	Product assembly, including but not limited to: electronic items, computers, optical goods and instruments, laboratory and scientific instruments, watches and clocks, games and toys, and advertising displays	Ν	Z	Ν	Ν	Z	Ρ	Z	Ν	2	Ρ	Z	

4 (Ord. of 6-4-01(3); Ord. of 11-30-23(2) (Ord. of 11-30-23(1))

5

6

7

8

1 Section 13A. Cannabis uses.

		R-30	R-40	R-60	R-120	VC	GC	HC	W <u>1</u>	<u>W2</u>	T	OS	<u>Notes</u>
a.	Cannabis or marijuana cultivator	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	N	Z	2	S (PDP Only)	Z	<u>See Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
b.	Cannabis retailer or marijuana retailer	Ν	Z	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>	S (PDP Only)	N	<u>See Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
c.	Cannabis testing laboratory	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	S (PDP Only)	N	<u>See Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
d.	Compassion center	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	S (PDP Only)	N	<u>See Article</u> <u>XVI,</u> <u>Section 5</u>
<u>e.</u>	Personal residential marijuana cultivation	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Р</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N</u>	

2

(Ord. of 6-24-24)

1 ARTICLE V. DISTRICT DIMENSIONAL REGULATIONS

2 Section 1. Dimensional regulations table.

- 3 The following table contains minimum lot areas, lot widths and front, rear and side yards,
- 4 maximum lot coverage and height of structures for each zoning district:

	Minimum Lot	Dimension	ns and Build	ling Setbacl	s	Maximum	
					_	Coverage a	
	Lot Area	Lot Width	Front Yard	Rear Yard	Side Yard, each side	Bldg. Coverage	Height, main bldg.
Uses in R-30 Resider	ntial District						
Single-family dwelling	30,000 SF	150 ft	30 ft	30 ft	20 ft	15%	35 ft
Conservation Development – single family dwelling	See Article XX	VI					
Two-family dwelling	40,000 SF	150 ft	30 ft	50 ft	20 ft	20%	35 ft
Conservation Development – two family dwelling	See Article XX	<u>IVI</u>					
Three-family dwelling	40,000 SF	150 ft	30 ft	50 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Conservation Development three- family dwelling	See Article XX	VI			·		
Multi-family structure or apartment house (4 or more units), with public water and sewer	40,000 SF plus 15,000 SF for each unit above 2 units, plus 7,500 SF for each additional bedroom over 2 bedrooms per unit	150 ft	40 ft	50 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Conservation Development – multi-family structure or apartment house (4 or more units), with public water and sewer	See Article XX	ΩVI					
Convalescent, rest or nursing home; retirement residence/assisted living facility	3 acres	200 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	25%	35 ft

	Minimum Lo	ot Dimensio	ns and Buil	ling Setback	KS	Maximum Coverage a	Building and Height
	Lot Area	Lot Width	Front Yard	Rear Yard	Side Yard, each side	Bldg. Coverage	Height, main bldg.
Uses allowed under Article IV, Section 3, Farming or raising of animals	40,000 SF	150 ft	40 ft	50 ft	30 ft	15%	35 ft
Public, semi-public and recreation uses	60,000 SF	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Other permitted or special uses	30,000 SF	120 ft	35 ft	40 ft	20 ft	20%	35 ft
Uses in R-40 Resider	ntial District						
Single-family dwelling	40,000 SF	150 ft	40 ft	40 ft	25 ft	15%	35 ft
Conservation Development – single family dwelling	See Article X	XVI					
Convalescent, rest or nursing home; retirement residence/assisted living facility	3 acres	200 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	25%	35 ft
Commercial raising of animals or fowl	100,000 SF	200 ft	40 ft	60 ft	50 ft	10%	35 ft
All other uses allowed under Article IV, Section 3, Farming or raising of animals	40,000 SF	150 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	15%	35 ft
Public, semi-public and recreation uses	60,000 SF	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Other permitted or special uses	40,000 SF	150 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	15%	35 ft
Uses in R-60 Resider	ntial District						
Single-family dwelling	60,000 SF	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	15%	35 ft
Conservation Development – single family dwelling	See Article X	XVI				•	•
Two-family dwelling	60,000 SF	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Conservation Development – two- family dwelling	See Article X	XVI	•	•	•	•	•
Three-family dwelling	60,000	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Conservation Development –	See Article X	XVI					

	Minimum Lot	Dimension	s and Build	ing Setbacks		Maximum	
	Lot Area	Lot Width	Front Yard	Rear Yard	Side Yard, each side	Coverage a Bldg. Coverage	Height Height, main bldg.
three-family dwelling				-	-		-
Multi-family structure or apartment house (4 or more units), with public water and sewer	60,000 SF plus 15,000 SF for each unit above 2 units, plus 7,500 SF for each additional bedroom over 2 bedrooms per unit	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Conservation Development – multi-family structure or apartment house (4 or more units), with public water and sewer	See Article XX	XVI					
Convalescent, rest or nursing home; retirement residence/assisted living facility	3 acres	200 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	25%	35 ft
Commercial raising of animals or fowl	100,000 SF	200 ft	40 ft	60 ft	50 ft	10%	35 ft
All other uses allowed under Article IV, Section 3, Farming or raising of animals	60,000 SF	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	15%	35 ft
Public, semi-public and recreation uses	60,000 SF	175 ft	40 ft	60 ft	30 ft	20%	35 ft
Other permitted or special uses	60,000 SF	175 ft	45 ft	80 ft	35 ft	15%	35 ft
Uses in R-120 Reside		1	1	1			1
Single-family dwelling	120,000 SF	200 ft	50 ft	80 ft	35 ft	10%	35 ft
Conservation Development – single family	See Article XX	XVI	•		•		•
Convalescent, rest or nursing home; retirement residence/assisted living facility	3 acres	200 ft	50 ft	100 ft	35 ft	25%	35 ft

	Minimum Lo	ot Dimensio	ns and Build	ling Setback	S	Maximum	Building
				ing setsuer			and Height
	Lot Area	Lot Width	Front Yard	Rear Yard	Side Yard, each side	Bldg. Coverage	Height, main bldg.
Commercial raising of animals or fowl	120,000 SF	200 ft	50 ft	100 ft	35 ft	10%	35 ft
All other uses allowed under Article IV, Section 3, Farming or raising of animals	120,000 SF	200 ft	50 ft	100 ft	35 ft	15%	35 ft
Public, semi-public and recreation uses	80,000 SF	200 ft	50 ft	100 ft	35 ft	20%	35 ft
Other permitted or special uses	120,000 SF	200 ft	50 ft	100 ft	35 ft	10%	35 ft
Uses in VC Commer	cial District				•		
Any permitted or special use	12,000 SF	100 ft	20 ft	10 ft	10 ft	25%	35 ft
Uses in GC Commer	cial District ¹					-	
Any permitted or special use (see Note 1 regarding residential uses)	12,000 SF	100 ft	0 ft	20 ft	0-20 ft <u></u>	50%	50 ft
Commercial raising of animals or fowl	100,000 SF	200 ft	40 ft	60 ft	50 ft	10%	35 ft
Public, semi-public and recreation uses	12,000 SF	100 ft	50 ft	20 ft	20 ft	25%	40 ft
* Minimum set back a							
feet; minimum setbac Fire Code of RI.	k between comi	nercial lots	must meet al	l applicable l	ouilding codes	as well as the	Uniform
Uses in HC Commer	cial District						
Any permitted or special use	20,000 SF	120 ft	40 ft	50 ft	20 ft	25%	40 ft
Public, semi-public and recreation uses	20,000 SF	120 ft	50 ft	20 ft	20 ft	25%	35 ft
Uses in W <u>1 & W2</u> V	Vaterfront Dist	rict <u>s*1 3</u>					
Any permitted or special use-(see Note 1 regarding residential uses), without both public water and sewer	20,000 SF	80 ft	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	25%	35 ft
Any permitted or special use, with	<u>10,000 SF</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>10 ft</u>	<u>10 ft</u>	<u>10 ft</u>	<u>25%</u>	<u>35 ft</u>

¹ For residences in a GC, W or I District, the dimensional regulations of the nearest residential district shall apply.

² Minimum set back alongside street is 0 feet; minimum setback where side yard abuts a residential zone is 20 feet; minimum setback between commercial lots must meet all applicable building codes as well as the Uniform Fire Code of RI.

³ <u>The dimensional standards applied to any particular development within the Waterfront District are also subject</u> to the requirements of the Coastal Resources Management Council (CRMC) as appropriate.

	Minimum Lot Dimensions and Building Setbacks					Maximum Building Coverage and Height	
	Lot Area	Lot Width	Front Yard	Rear Yard	Side Yard, each side	Bldg. Coverage	Height, main bldg.
both public water and sewer							
Uses in I Industrial District ¹							
Any permitted or special use (see Note 1 regarding residential uses)	40,000 SF	150 ft	40 ft	60 ft	35 ft	50%	40 ft
Uses allowed under Section 3, Farming or raising of animals	40,000 SF	150 ft	40 ft	60 ft	35 ft	15%	35 ft
Public and semi- public uses	20,000 SF	120 ft	40 ft	50 ft	20 ft	25%	40 ft

1

2 *Note 1:* For residences in a GC, W or I District, the dimensional regulations of the nearest

3 residential district shall apply.

4 *Note 2:* The minimum lot areas listed above may not be adequate in certain cases to meet state

5 standards for on-site sewage disposal; a larger lot area may be specified by the department of

6 environmental management as part of the approval of an individual septic disposal system.

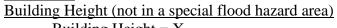
7 (Ord. of 5-13-96; Ord. of 4-23-01(1); Ord. of 11-23-09; Ord. of 7-9-18)

/	(OIU. OI J-13-90, OIU. OI 4-23-01(1), OIU. OI 11-23-09, OIU. OI 7-9-18)
8	Section 2. – General Requirements.
9	
10	
11	
12	(b) In any district, not more than one structure housing a permitted use, or principal use allowed
13	by special use permit, may be erected on a single lot, except however, more than one principal
14	building and/or principal use, may be allowed on a lot within a commercial, waterfront or
15	industrial district provided the project undergoes review, including design review, as a land
16	development project in accordance with Appendix B – Land Development and Subdivision
17	Regulationsdevelopment plan review under the provisions of article XX, or as otherwise
18	provided for in this ordinance. Where more than one principal structure is allowed, the maximum
19	building coverage and all other dimensional standards shall otherwise be complied with.
20	
21	
22	
23	<u>Section 4. – Building Height and Limitation on Fill and Cut.</u>
24	
25	a. Building height.
26	1. For a proposed new building on a vacant parcel of land, building height shall be
27	measured from the average existing grade elevation where the foundation of the
28	structure is proposed. Figure 1-1.
29	

1 2	2.	For an existing structure, building height shall be measured from the average existing grade taken from the outermost four corners of the existing foundation.
3		
4	3.	The permitted finished grade shall be in accordance with Article V, Section 4(b).
5		
6	4.	In all cases, building height is measured to the top of the highest point of the
7		existing/proposed roof or structure.
8		
9		a. This calculation does not include architectural features, church spires,
10		chimneys, flagpoles, antennas, and weathervanes. Also, this calculation does
11		not include roof-mounted solar energy systems, plumbing, electrical, heating,
12		ventilating and air-conditioning mechanical equipment, provided it does not
13		exceed four feet from the highest point of the roof where it is located. Finally,
14		this calculation does not include that portion of a building necessary to
15		accommodate an elevator overrun, provided it does not exceed four feet from
16		the highest point of the roof where it is located.
17		
18	5.	For any property or structure located in a special flood hazard area, as shown on the
19		official FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), or depicted on the Rhode Island
20		coastal resources management council (CRMC) suggested design elevation three foot
21		(3') sea level rise (CRMC SDE 3 SLR) map as being inundated during a one-
22		hundred-year (100) storm, the greater of the following amounts, expressed in feet,
23		shall be excluded from the building height calculation:
24		
25		a. <u>The base flood elevation ("BFE") on the FEMA FIRM plus up to five feet (5')</u>
26		of any utilized or proposed freeboard, less the average existing grade elevation
27		<u>(Figure 1-2), or</u>
28		
29		b. The suggested design elevation as depicted on the CRMC SDE 3 SLR map
30		during a one-hundred-year (100) storm, less the average existing grade
31		elevation. CRMC shall reevaluate the appropriate suggested design elevation
32		map for the exclusion every ten (10) years, or as otherwise necessary (Figure
33		<u>1-3).</u>
34		
35		In no case shall any designated freeboard or any area beneath either the BFE
36		or design elevation in a flood zone be used as habitable space or for any use
37		other than storage, parking of vehicles or means of egress.
38		
39		c. <u>Maximum building height.</u>
40		i. No structure in a special flood hazard area shall exceed the following
41		height measurements:
42		1. <u>Structures that are elevated to a distance above grade of less</u>
43		than or equal to five (5) feet shall be limited to thirty-five (35)
44		feet of building height;

2 3 4	2. <u>Structures that are elevated to a distance ab</u>	bove grade of greater
3 4	than five (5) feet but less than or equal to the	en (10) feet shall be
4	limited to thirty (30) feet of building heigh	<u>t;</u>
	3. <u>Structures that are elevated to a distance ab</u>	bove grade of greater
5	than ten (10) feet but less than or equal to f	fifteen (15) feet shall
6	be limited to twenty-five (25) feet of build	ing height;
7	4. <u>Structures that are elevated to a distance ab</u>	bove grade of greater
8	than fifteen (15) feet shall be limited to two	enty (20) feet of
9	building height.	
10		
11	6. If a structure is built in an area with a grade cut, the building heig	<u>sht shall be measured</u>
12	from the finished grade after the grade cut.	

Figure 1-1





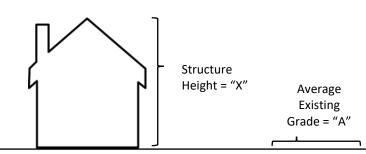


Figure 1-2

Building Height (in a special flood hazard area using the FEMA FIRM Map exclusion)Building Height = X - ((Z + Y) - A)

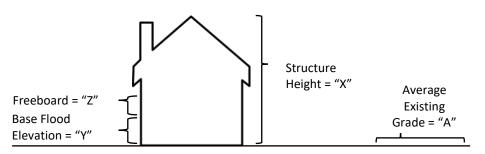


Figure 1-3

	Building Height (in a special flood hazard area using the CRMC exclusion)
	Building Height = $X - (C - A)$
	CRMC Design Elevation = "C"
1	b. Limitation on fill and cut.
2	
3	1. The finished grade surrounding a building may be adjusted to a level not to exceed four
4	feet above or below the average of the existing elevation of the existing grade at the
5	proposed four corners of the building.
6	
7	2. For any property located in a Coastal A or VE Flood Zone, the finished grade may be
8	adjusted to a level not to exceed two feet above or below existing grade throughout the
9	property.
10	
11	3. The adjustment of grade on a vacant or undeveloped portion of a lot may be cut or filled
12 13	by right up to 4 feet. The adjustment of grade cut or fill, on any lot which exceeds 4 feet shall require a land disturbance permit including plans stamped by a Registered
13 14	Professional Engineer in the State of Rhode Island and be approved by the Town
14	Engineer.
16	
10	In all cases, fill above existing grade shall be deducted from building height.
18	

19

1 ARTICLE VI. OTHER DISTRICT REGULATIONS

2	<u>Section 10</u>	Performance Criteria
3		
4		on for development or redevelopment of the following uses additionally requires
5		of the items listed below. An application for development or redevelopment shall
6	not be consid	lered complete without the submission of each item listed for the use.
7		
8		quires a Special Use Permit shall also be subject to the performance criteria for that
9		In the event of a conflict between performance criteria and specific and objective
10	criteria for a	Special Use Permit, the Special Use Permit criteria shall apply.
11	TT 1 /1	
12		wise indicated, an applicant may seek relief from a performance criteria by filing an
13		with the permitting authority for a dimensional variance under Article VXII of this
14	Ordinance.	
15		
16	<u>a.</u>	<u>Mixed-Use Residential.</u>
17		 Residential units are not permitted on the ground floor of any structure. Total floor area dedicated to residential use shall not avoid 50% of the
18		(2) Total floor area dedicated to residential use shall not exceed 50% of the
19 20		 (3) <u>total floor area.</u> (3) <u>Mixed-use residential structures with four or more residential units shall</u>
20		be connected to public water and sewer.
21		be connected to public water and sewer.
22 23	<u>b.</u>	Hotel.
23 24	<u>0.</u>	(1) The building footprint is limited to a maximum of 20,000 square feet.
24 25		(2) The building height is restricted to a maximum of 35 feet.
25 26		(3) The facility shall be connected to public water and sewer systems.
27		(4) The facility shall have staff present on-site 24 hours a day.
28		(5) A circulation plan, stamped by a Rhode Island licensed civil engineer, must
29		be submitted demonstrating:
30		i. The safe movement of both pedestrians and vehicles throughout the
31		site.
32		ii. A designated drop-off area near an entrance to the building. This
33		area shall not obstruct parking spaces.
34		(6) The facility shall obtain approval from the Fire Marshal, confirming that
35		fire safety standards are met.
36		(7) A security plan must be developed by the applicant and approved by the
37		Chief of Police or their designee before a certificate of occupancy is issued.
38		The plan should include details on entrance procedures, police details, video
39		surveillance, and lighting locations. The security plan, along with any
40		amendments, must remain confidential to the extent possible and will not
41		be submitted to the permitting authority. Written proof of approval by the
42		Chief of Police or their designee must be provided in place of the plan
43		submission.
44		
45		

1	<u>c.</u>	Nonprofit organization club, lodge, social, or community center building.
2		(1) <u>The building footprint may be no greater than 20,000 square feet.</u>
3		(2) <u>Operating hours are restricted to 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., extendable for</u>
4		events licensed by the Town Council.
5		i. <u>If the organization has a liquor license, the hours permitted with</u>
6		that license govern.
7		(3) <u>Leasing of on-site facilities to third parties is prohibited.</u>
8		(4) Meals may be prepared and served on the premises for members and
9		their guests only; no commercial kitchen is allowed.
10		(5) No more than 30% of the gross floor area may be used as office space.
11		(6) <u>Sleeping facilities are prohibited.</u>
12		 (7) Service of alcohol, including consumption of alcohol via bring-your-
13		own-beer/bottled/wine/etc., is prohibited unless a One-Day License
14		(Class F or F1) is issued by the Town Council.
14		(Class 1 of 1 1) is issued by the Town Coulen.
	d	Drivate trade or professional school
16	<u>d.</u>	Private trade or professional school.
17		(1) In the Waterfront district(s), the curriculum of private trade or professional
18		schools must be primarily marine-related, reinforcing the Zone's focus on
19		marine activities.
20		(2) Hours of operation shall be between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.
21		(3) Any outdoor storage area(s) shall be completely enclosed by a solid fence
22		or wall, including ingress and egress. Storage is prohibited outside of the
23		fenced area.
24		(4) The storage areas should be located in the rear of the lot. Any structures
25		shall be located in front of the storage area to obscure the view of the
26		storage from street(s), in compliance with the front yard of the underlying
27		zoning district.
28		i. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to
29		minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street.
30		(5) The storage and disposal of any hazardous waste materials shall comply
31		with all federal, state, and local regulations governing such materials. No
32		operation which produces hazardous waste material shall commence
33		without prior notice to the Town Administrator.
34		(6) In terms of access, the volume of traffic shall not reduce the existing level
		of service as measured over the nine-month period prior to filing the
35		
36		Preliminary Plan Application, or shall be mitigated so as to not reduce the
37		existing level of service over the same period. The level of service, and
38		mitigation measures, shall be identified by a traffic engineer. Primary
39		access shall be through non-residential roadways. Access shall be
40		designed to split the volume of traffic between at least two egress and
41		ingress points.
42		(7) A traffic management plan, which includes strategies for limiting the
43		impact of traffic on nearby residential areas, shall be submitted by a traffic
44		engineer. This plan shall address the scheduling of classes to avoid peak
45		traffic times, the promotion of ride-sharing or shuttle services, and the
46		provision of adequate on-site parking.

1		(8) Parking shall be provided on-site to prevent overflow onto residential
2		streets. The parking area must be clearly marked and must direct traffic
3		away from residential neighborhoods.
4		(9) A noise management plan must be submitted, demonstrating that noise
5		levels will not exceed the limits set by Chapter 38, Article IV. The plan
6		shall include measures to mitigate any potential noise disturbances.
7		<u>0 </u>
8	<u>e.</u>	Professional home office.
9	_	(1) All services must be provided indoors.
10		(2) Interior space dedicated solely to professional home office use shall not
11		exceed 350 square feet.
12		(3) Not to employ more than one additional employee beyond home occupant.
13		(4) Off-street parking shall be provided for any employee and/or
14		clients/customers
15		
16	<u>f.</u>	Restaurants, not including entertainment.
17	_	(1) The main restaurant structure shall be set back 100 feet from any
18		residential use or zone, measured at the property line.
19		i. This setback may be proportionally reduced by the same
20		proportion that the area of such substandard lot meets the
21		minimum lot area of the Zone in which the lot is located. By way
22		of example, if the lot area of a substandard lot only meets forty
23		percent (40%) of the minimum lot area required in the Zone in
24		which it is located, the setback may be reduced to forty percent
25		(40%).
26		ii. This criterion does not apply to the Waterfront Zone(s).
27		iii. The Planning Board, for good cause shown, may increase the
28		required setback.
29		(2) All waste disposal areas and equipment shall be screened from view.
30		(3) Screening shall be provided between the restaurant and any adjacent
31		residential uses. This screening may include a combination of the
32		following:
33		i. <u>A dense vegetative buffer consisting of evergreen trees or shrubs</u> ,
34		at least 6 feet in height at the time of planting, installed along the
35		property line adjacent to residential lots.
36		ii. A solid fence to further reduce visual and noise impact. The fence
37		shall be constructed of materials that complement the surrounding
38		environment and provide a continuous barrier.
39		
40	<u>g.</u>	Storage, repair and sales of boats and marine accessories.
41		(1) In the Waterfront W1 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all structures may
42		be no greater than 20,000 square feet.
43		(2) <u>In the Waterfront W2 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all structures may</u>
44		be no greater than 10,000 square feet.
45		(3) <u>Facilities for the storage, repair, and sales of boats and marine</u>
46		accessories must have direct access from a public street.

1		
2	<u>h.</u>	Marina or boat yard.
3		(1) In the Waterfront W1 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all structures may
4		be no greater than 40,000 square feet.
5		(2) In the Waterfront W2 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all structures may
6		be no greater than 10,000 square feet.
7		(3) Other than the storage of vessels, the storage areas shall first be located in
8		the side yards and shall be set back a minimum of 40 feet from front or
9		corner lot line. Storage of vessels in the side yard, where there is an
10		abutting residential use, shall be set back a minimum of 20 feet.
11		(4) <u>A noise management plan that shows that the subject development will</u>
12		not negatively impact the noise levels beyond the lot lines.
13		(5) <u>The storage and disposal of any hazardous waste materials shall comply</u>
14		with all federal, state, and local regulations governing such materials. No
15		operation which produces hazardous waste material shall commence
16		without prior notice to the Town Administrator.
17		
18	<u>i.</u>	Retail businesses of less than 20,000 square foot building footprint.
19		(1) <u>All structures shall be set back a minimum of 300 feet from a residential</u>
20		use or district. This criterion does not apply in the Waterfront Zone(s).
21		(2) <u>Hours of operation shall be between 6:00am and 9:00pm.</u>
22		(3) <u>Parking area shall primarily be to the side and rear of the primary</u>
23		structure. In the Waterfront Zone(s), parking between the primary
24		structure and water shall be the last option.
25		(4) Landscaping standards in the Land Development and Subdivision
26		Regulations apply.
27		
28	<u>j.</u>	Retail business between 20,000 square foot and 40,000 square foot building
29		footprint.
30		(1) <u>All structures shall be set back a minimum of 300 feet from a residential</u>
31		<u>use or district. This criterion does not apply in the Waterfront Zone(s).</u>
32		(2) <u>Hours of operation shall be between 6:00am and 9:00pm.</u>
33		(3) <u>Parking area shall primarily be to the side and rear of the primary</u>
34		structure. In the Waterfront Zone(s), parking between the primary
35		structure and water shall be the last option.
36		(4) <u>Landscaping standards in the Land Development and Subdivision</u>
37		Regulations apply.
38	1.	Mined use complete structure of up to 20,000 servers fast building fastarint for
39	<u>k.</u>	Mixed use complex: structure of up to 20,000 square foot building footprint for
40		retail, commercial, or office uses.
41		(1) <u>All structures shall be set back a minimum of 300 feet from a residential</u>
42		use or district. This criterion does not apply in the Waterfront Zone(s).
43		 (2) <u>Hours of operation shall be between 6:00am and 9:00pm.</u> (3) <u>Parking area shall primarily be to the side and rear of the primary</u>
44 45		(3) <u>Parking area shall primarily be to the side and rear of the primary</u>
45		structure. In the Waterfront Zone(s), parking between the primary
46		structure and water shall be the last option.

1			
2	<u>l.</u>	Mixed u	se complex: structure of over 20,000 and up to 40,000 square foot
3		building	footprint for retail, commercial, or office uses.
4		(1) <u>A</u>	All structures shall be set back a minimum of 300 feet from a residential
5		<u>u</u>	use or district. This criterion does not apply in the Waterfront Zone(s).
6		(2) <u>H</u>	Hours of operation shall be between 6:00am and 9:00pm.
7		(3) <u>I</u>	Parking area shall primarily be to the side and rear of the primary
8		<u>s</u>	structure. In the Waterfront Zone(s), parking between the primary
9		<u>s</u>	structure and water shall be the last option.
10			
11	<u>m.</u>	Retail sa	les accessory to the manufacture or assembly of products on the premises.
12		(1)	In the Waterfront W1 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all structures may
13			be no greater than 40,000 square feet.
14		(2)	In the Waterfront W2 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all structures may
15			be no greater than 10,000 square feet.
16		(3)	In the Waterfront Zones, retail sales of items are restricted to those
17			products and goods commonly sold in support of marine related uses.
18		(4)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas
19			through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the
20			permitting authority.
21		(5)	Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet
22			the minimum parking requirements.
23			
24	<u>n.</u>	Retail sa	les with open lot storage (other than display for sale).
24 25	<u>n.</u>	Retail sa (1)	les with open lot storage (other than display for sale). Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas
	<u>n.</u>		
25	<u>n.</u>		Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas
25 26	<u>n.</u>		Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the
25 26 27	<u>n.</u>	(1)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority.
25 26 27 28	<u>n.</u>	(1)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet
25 26 27 28 29	<u>n.</u>	(1) (2)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements.
25 26 27 28 29 30	<u>n.</u>	(1) (2)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<u>n.</u>	(1)(2)(3)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<u>n.</u>	(1)(2)(3)	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street. In the Waterfront Zone(s), this use is restricted to marine-related retail
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street. In the Waterfront Zones(s), this use is restricted to marine-related retail activities to ensure alignment with the district's intended purpose and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street. In the Waterfront Zone(s), this use is restricted to marine-related retail
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street. In the Waterfront Zones(s), this use is restricted to marine-related retail activities to ensure alignment with the district's intended purpose and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<u>n.</u>	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) 	Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from parking areas through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by the permitting authority. Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or to meet the minimum parking requirements. The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall, including gates for ingress and egress. Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set back a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line. When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height of five (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center along the fence or wall to enhance visual screening. Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited. In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize visibility first from the water and second from the street. In the Waterfront Zones(s), this use is restricted to marine-related retail activities to ensure alignment with the district's intended purpose and

1 0. Wholesale business and storage of nonflammable and non-explosive mathematical building. 2 building. 3 (1) In the Waterfront Zone(s), the use must be related to marine mathematical and services. 4 and services. 5 (2) Structures used for this purpose are permitted by right up to a model of 20,000 square feet.	
 3 (1) In the Waterfront Zone(s), the use must be related to marine ma and services. 5 (2) Structures used for this purpose are permitted by right up to a market of the service of the	terials
 4 <u>and services.</u> 5 (2) <u>Structures used for this purpose are permitted by right up to a magnetic service and services.</u> 	
6 of 20 000 square feet	aximum
<u>01 20,000 Square root.</u>	
7 (3) <u>The storage area must be completely enclosed by a solid fence of</u>	or wall,
8 <u>including gates for ingress and egress.</u>	
9 (4) <u>Fences or walls along the front or corner side lot line must be set</u>	t back a
10 <u>minimum of thirty (30) feet from the property line.</u>	
11 (5) <u>When chain link fencing is used, shrubs with a minimum height</u>	of five
12 (5) feet shall be planted linearly every ten (10) feet on-center al	ong the
13 <u>fence or wall to enhance visual screening.</u>	
14 (6) <u>Storage of items outside the fenced area is prohibited.</u>	
15 (7) <u>In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to min</u>	imize
16 <u>visibility first from the water and second from the street.</u>	
17 (8) <u>Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or </u>	to meet
18 the minimum parking requirements.	
19	
20 <u>p.</u> <u>Retail outlet accessory to a wholesale or storage use.</u>	
21 (1) <u>In the Waterfront W1 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all struct</u>	ures may
<u>be no greater than 40,000 square feet.</u>	
23 (2) <u>In the Waterfront Zone(s), the use must be related to marine ma</u>	terials
24 <u>and services.</u>	
25 (3) Open lot storage areas must be defined and separated from park	ing areas
26 <u>through fencing, screening, or other mechanism approved by th</u>	<u>e</u>
27 <u>permitting authority.</u>	
28 (4) <u>Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or t</u>	to meet
29 <u>the minimum parking requirements.</u>	
30	
31 <u>q.</u> <u>Manufacturing, storing, processing, fabricating, activities in conformance</u>	with
32 <u>article XIII.</u>	
33 (1) <u>In the Waterfront W1 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all struct</u>	<u>ures may</u>
34 <u>be no greater than 40,000 square feet.</u>	
35 (2) <u>In the Waterfront W2 Zone, the aggregate footprint of all struct</u>	<u>ures may</u>
36 <u>be no greater than 10,000 square feet.</u>	
37 (3) <u>The open lot storage area must be clearly defined on the site pla</u>	
38 ensure compliance with zoning regulations and proper site orga	
39 (4) <u>Open lot storage area shall not be used for parking purposes or t</u>	to meet
40 <u>the minimum parking requirements.</u>	
41 (5) <u>In the Waterfront Zone(s) the use is restricted to marine related</u>	
42 <u>manufacturing, storing, processing, and fabricating.</u>	
43	
44	
45	

1 ARTICLE XVI. – SPECIAL USE PERMITS

Section 5. Criteria for specific categories of special use permits.

2 3 4

5

to the satisfaction of the permitting authority, that the specific and objective criteria for such use 6 as required below have been satisfied. An application for development or redevelopment of the 7 following uses additionally requires submission of the items listed below. An application for 8 development or redevelopment shall not be considered complete without the submission of each 9 item listed for the use. 10 11 These uses shall also be subject to performance criteria, if any, set forth in Article VI, Section 10. 12 In the event of a conflict between performance criteria and specific and objective criteria for a 13 Special Use Permit, the Special Use Permit criteria shall apply. 14 15 The specific and objective criteria identified below shall not be altered or varied by a dimensional 16 variance under Article XVII. 17 18 a. In a residential district, the board may grant a special use permit for the waiver of one side yard 19 per lot to allow the construction of a double cottage on adjoining lots, provided that each dwelling 20 unit shall conform to all other regulations of a residential district. 21 22 In such areas as it exists as a legal nonconforming use, the board may grant a special use 23 b. а. permit for the expansion of quarrying of or mining for sand, gravel, rocks or minerals beyond 25 24 percent of the excavated area as existing at the time of zoning amendments dated June 4, 2001, 25 provided that the applicant can demonstrate that the expanded operation is not contrary to the 26 comprehensive plan and to the purpose of this regulation, which is to prevent the loss of natural 27 28 resources including wildlife habitat, groundwater quality and scenic value. In addition, the following requirements shall be met: 29 (1) All such expanded operations shall be located not less than 50 feet from any lot line, 30 and 100 feet from any street right-of-way. 31 (2) The applicant shall submit a site plan to the planning board for review and approval. 32 The site plan shall include all applicable information required for a major land 33 34 development project as contained in the Tiverton land development and subdivision regulations, as well as the proposed limits of excavation. The planning board shall focus 35 their review on methods to control site drainage and soil erosion and sedimentation as 36 required by the comprehensive plan, and visual buffering including landscaping and 37 fencing. 38 (3) The applicant shall submit a plan for reclamation of the land which shall also be 39 reviewed and approved by the planning board. The reclamation plan shall establish a 40 time period for reestablishing a grade level with adjacent road and properties, as well 41 as identification of type of vegetative cover. This plan shall be used as a basis for an 42 improvement guarantee that may be required as a condition of approval by the planning 43 board under the provisions of article XI of the land development and subdivision 44 regulations. 45

All uses designated as an "S", special use permit required, shall be required to provide evidence,

(4) As a condition of granting the special use permit, the zoning board may establish 1 additional requirements relating to the hours of operation; dust, noise and vibration 2 control; and other matters as deemed necessary by the board to prevent nuisance to, 3 promote harmony with, and protect the value of nearby property. 4 5 6 e.b. Cemetery, columbarium, or burial ground In considering an application for a special use permit to allow the use of land for 7 (1)a cemetery, columbarium, or burial ground, the board must be provided evidence 8 of the following: 9 (1)i. The area to be used as a cemetery, columbarium, or burial ground will have 10 permanent boundary markers and have a minimum size of not less than 11 625 square feet. 12 (2)ii. The area to be used as a cemetery, columbarium, or burial ground is 13 located on a separately deeded parcel of land recorded in the land evidence 14 records of the Town of Tiverton, which deed shall specifically set forth 15 that the land contained therein is dedicated for use as a cemetery, 16 columbarium, or burial ground. 17 (3)iii. The proposed location of the cemetery, columbarium, or burial ground 18 will not be detrimental to public health; that it will be compatible with 19 neighboring uses and will be not less than 30 feet from the boundary line 20 with adjoining properties; that there is permanent access to the proposed 21 22 facilities; and that adequate provisions have been made for perpetual care of the facilities. 23 iv. A plan of the area to be used as a cemetery, columbarium, or burial ground 24 showing the surrounding properties, and the present and proposed grave 25 sites, shall, upon approval of the board, be recorded with the land evidence 26 records of the Town of Tiverton. 27 28 In considering an application for a special use permit to allow an individual sewage 29 d. c. disposal system (ISDS) within the setbacks from certain wetlands and water bodies as designated 30 in article VI, section 6 [7], the board must be shown that there will be no adverse impact to the 31 functional values of such wetlands or water bodies. These functional values include, but are not 32 limited to, groundwater recharge and discharge, fish and wildlife habitat, flood storage, erosion 33 34 and sediment control, pollutant uptake, and public recreation and education. Specifically, the following must be demonstrated in regard to the proposed application: 35 That it will not degrade the quality of groundwater or any wetland or surface 36 (1)water body, either directly or indirectly; 37 (2)That it will not obstruct floodways or reduce the net capacity of the site to retain 38 floodwaters: 39 (3) That it will not cause any sedimentation of wetland, and will include all necessary 40 erosion and sediment control measures: 41 That it will not reduce the capacity of any wetland to absorb pollutants; (4) 42 That it will not degrade the recreational, educational or research value of any (5) 43 wetland or water body; 44 That it will not reduce the capacity of any wetland to recharge groundwater; and (6)45

1 2	(7) That it will not degrade the value of any wetland or water body as a spawning ground or nursery for fish and shellfish, or habitat for wildlife and wildfowl.
2	(8) In considering the above, the cumulative impact must also be addressed.
4	(b) In considering the above, the canadative impact must also be addressed.
5	
6	e. In considering an application for a special use permit for relief of the merger requirements
7	for substandard lots of record as contained in article VII, the board must apply the criteria
8	contained in section 2 of this article.
9	
10	f.d. In considering an application for a special use permit for relief of the sign regulations as
11	contained in article XII, the board must be provided evidence of the following:
12	(1) That the establishment of the sign in a completely conforming manner will result
13	in significant damage to the associated business.
14	(2) That the establishment of a sign which is nonconforming by size will result in a
15	clear visual improvement to a site by virtue of its replacement of an existing
16	nonconforming sign.
17	(3) That the location of the sign on a site in a nonconforming manner is necessary to
18	achieve its intended visual effect.
19	
20	
21	g. e. SPECIAL USE PERMIT CRITERIA FOR Cannabis or marijuana cultivator, cannabis
22	Cannabis retailer or marijuana retailer, cannabis Cannabis testing laboratory or compassion
23	Compassion center.
24	
25	(1) (a)-Minimum qualifications. To quality for consideration of a special use permit for
26	any use as noted listed in $F(2)$ through $F(5)$ in the PDP, an applicant shall satisfy all
27	regulations and qualifications established by the Cannabis Control Commission and
28	the following additional conditions:
29	<u>i.</u> [1]—Receipt of a license issued by the Cannabis Control Commission.
30	<u>ii.</u> [2]—Evidence that the applicant has site control and the right to use the site for the
31	proposed cannabis use in the form of a valid purchase and sales agreement, a valid
32	lease agreement, a notarized statement from the property owner, or other alternate
33	written authorization,
34	<u>iii.</u> [3]—Provide a security plan that details any anticipated burden on Town public
35	safety personal/services from the use of the facility. Said plan shall include all
36	security measures for the site, transportation of cannabis and cannabis products
37	to and from the premises to ensure the safety of the employees and public, and
38	to protect the facility from theft or other criminal activity and be approved by the
39	Tiverton Police Department.
40	iv. [4]—Provide an odor and/or odorous emissions control plan that details how the
41	proposed location will prevent or control the occurrence and/or release of
42	odorous emissions. Said plan shall include any proposed emissions controls,
43	including, but not limited to, filtering techniques, biofilters, chemical filtration
44	and/or other similar technique.
45	(2) (b) Site conditions.
46	i. [1]—Location. Uses granted under this article shall not be located within:

1 2	<u>a.</u> [a]-Five hundred feet of a preexisting public or private school providing education in kindergarten or any grades one through 12 and any preschool
3 4	registered with the Rhode Island Department of Education. <u>b.</u> [b]-No cannabis retailer shall be located within 2,000 feet from any
5	other cannabis retailer even if in an adjoining community.
6	<u>c.</u> [c] The distances specified above shall be measured by a straight line from
8 7	the nearest property line of the premises on which the proposed cannabis
8	retailer is to be located to the nearest boundary line of the residential
9	zoning district or the nearest property line of any of the other designated
10	uses set forth above.
11	(3) (4) Conditions of operations. In addition to the rules promulgated by the
12	Cannabis Control Commission the following operational conditions shall apply:
12	<u>i. (a)</u> Hours of operation.
13	a. (a) The proposed cannabis retailer and compassion center hours
	of operation and compassion center shall be limited to the hours
15	of 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. weekdays and Saturdays and 12:00 p.m.
16	
17	to 6:00 p.m. Sundays. Actual hours of operation to be determined
18	by the Zoning Board.
19	<u>ii.</u> (b) Lighting. In addition to the requirements as set forth in Article IV, §19
20	O, Lighting shall adequately illuminate the cannabis retailer and compassion
21	center, its immediate surrounding area, parking lots, the front facade and any
22	adjoining sidewalks and shall be hooded or oriented to deflect light away from
23	adjacent properties.
24	<u>iii. (c)</u> —Security. The proposed cannabis retailer, cultivator, testing laboratory,
25	and compassion center shall implement the appropriate security measures to
26	deter and prevent the unauthorized entrance into areas containing cannabis and
27	shall ensure that each location has an operational security alarm system.
28	iv. (e) Parking. The proposed cannabis retailer shall comply with the
29	parking requirements as set forth in Article X of this Code.
30	v. (f)——Signage. The proposed cannabis retail location shall present signage in a
31	size and in a form that, is reasonably legible from the retail access point, which
32	clearly prohibits any person who is under 21 years of age to be present inside
33	the cannabis retail establishment in compliance with R.LG.L. § 21-28.11-27.1.
34	All other provisions of the signage shall comply with Article IV, section 19 K.
35	vi. (g) Site plan. No use permitted under this section shall be established prior to
36	submission and approval by the Zoning Board of a site plan, a building plan, and,
37	if required, a boundary line survey by a licensed professional land survey or
38	(PLS). The site plan shall depict all existing and proposed buildings, parking
39	spaces, driveways, service areas and other open uses. The site plan shall show the
40	distances between the proposed use and the boundary of the nearest residential
41	zoning district and the property line of all other abutting uses.
42	vii. (h) The Zoning Board may impose additional operational conditions or
43	further restrict existing minimum conditions Subsection A(4)(a) through (f)
44	above.
45	(4) (5)-Findings. In addition to the findings required in Article XVI, section 2, the
46	Zoning Board must also find the following:

1	<u>i</u>	
2		in relation to any residential area in the immediate vicinity so as not to adversely
3		affect said area.
4	<u>ii</u>	••
5		exterior appearance of structures already constructed or under construction within
6		the immediate neighborhood to prevent blight or deterioration or substantial
7		diminishment or impairment of property values within the neighborhood
8	C D	
9	f. Bec	<u>d & Breakfast.</u>
10		(1) The Bed & Breakfast shall be a single-family dwelling.
11		(2) <u>The Bed & Breakfast shall be occupied by the owner or operator.</u>
12		(3) The establishment must provide a minimum of four (4) en-suite bedrooms
13		available for let. Each en-suite shall include at a minimum a bedroom and a
14		private bathroom ("guestroom").
15		(4) The maximum number of transient guests shall not exceed two times the number
16		of guestrooms.
17		(5) In addition to the guestrooms, the Bed & Breakfast must include a separate en-
18		suite for the owner or operator's exclusive use.
19		(6) Cooking facilities are prohibited in guestrooms.
20		(7) No more than one meal daily shall be provided for guests.
21		(8) Where the dwelling is served by an OWTS system, the total number of bedrooms
22		(guestrooms plus owner's room) shall not exceed the RI DEM OWTS permit.
23		(9) <u>A minimum of one (1) off-street parking space is required per bedroom, including</u>
24		both guestrooms and the owner's suite.
25		(10) All transient guest parking must be off-street on the same lot as the Bed &
26		Breakfast.
27		(11) No person may occupy said room or rooms more than 14 days in any 30-day
28		period.
29	D :	
30	<u>g.</u> <u>Pri</u>	ivate trade or professional school.
31		(1) <u>In the Waterfront district(s), the curriculum of private trade or professional</u>
32		schools must be primarily marine-related.
33		(2) <u>Hours of operation shall be between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.</u>
34		(3) <u>Any outdoor storage area(s) shall be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall,</u>
35		including ingress and egress. Storage is prohibited outside of the fenced area.
36		(4) <u>The storage areas should be located in the rear of the lot. Any structures shall be</u>
37		located in front of the storage area to obscure the view of the storage from
38		street(s), in compliance with the front yard of the underlying zoning district.
39		i. <u>In the Waterfront Zone(s), storage areas must be located to minimize</u>
40		visibility first from the water and second from the street.
41		(5) <u>The storage and disposal of any hazardous waste materials shall comply with all</u>
42		federal, state, and local regulations governing such materials. No operation which
43		produces hazardous waste material shall commence without prior notice to the
44		Town Administrator.
45		(6) <u>In terms of access, the volume of traffic shall not reduce the existing level of</u>
46		service as measured over the nine-month period prior to filing the Preliminary

1		Plan Application, or shall be mitigated so as to not reduce the existing level of
1		service over the same period. The level of service, and mitigation measures, shall
2		be identified by a traffic engineer. Primary access shall be through non-
3		
4		residential roadways. Access shall be designed to split the volume of traffic
5		between at least two egress and ingress points.
6		(7) <u>A traffic management plan, which includes strategies for limiting the impact of</u>
7		traffic on nearby residential areas, shall be submitted by a traffic engineer. This
8		plan shall address the scheduling of classes to avoid peak traffic times, the
9		promotion of ride-sharing or shuttle services, and the provision of adequate on-
10		site parking.
11		(8) Parking shall be provided on-site to prevent overflow onto residential streets. The
12		parking area must be clearly marked and must direct traffic away from residential
13		neighborhoods.
14		(9) <u>A noise management plan must be submitted, demonstrating that noise levels will</u>
15		not exceed the limits set by Chapter 38, Article IV. The plan shall include
16		measures to mitigate any potential noise disturbances.
17		
18	<u>h.</u>	Accessory drive-through facility.
19		(1) <u>All drive-through facilities shall provide a minimum of three stacking spaces per</u>
20		lane or bay, unless additional stacking spaces are required specifically by this
21		Ordinance. Stacking spaces provided for drive-through uses shall be:
22		i. <u>A minimum of nine feet in width, as measured from the outermost point</u>
23		of any service window or bay entrance, to the edge of the driveway, and
24		18 feet in length. In the case of a recessed service window, the
25		measurement shall be taken from the building wall.
26		ii. <u>Stacking spaces shall begin behind the vehicle parked at a final point of</u>
27		service exiting the drive through aisle, such as a service window or car
28		wash bay (this does not include a menu board). Spaces shall be placed
29		in a single line behind each lane or bay.
30		(2) All drive-through lanes shall be located and designed to ensure that they do not
31		adversely affect traffic circulation on adjoining streets. Drive-through lanes on
32		corner lots shall not route exiting traffic into adjacent residential neighborhoods.
33		(3) Drive-through facilities shall be screened along interior side and rear lot lines with
34		a solid wall or fence, a minimum of six feet and a maximum of seven feet in height.
35		One shrub a minimum of three feet in height at time of planting shall be planted
36		linearly every three feet on-center along such fence or wall. This standard does not
37		apply to drive-through facilities within multi-tenant retail centers.
38		(4) In the Waterfront Zone(s), menu boards are prohibited in the drive-through lane.
39		
40	<u>i.</u>	Restaurant, including entertainment.
41		(1) The primary structure shall be set back a minimum of 100 feet from any
42		residential use or zone, measured at the property lines.
43		(2) The restaurant will not employ flashing, laser, or strobe lights that are visible
44		outside of the building.

1		(3) The maximum volume, irrespective of the format, is limited solely to the
2		boundaries of the premises at all times and must comply with Chapter 38 Article
3		IV of the Tiverton Code of Ordinances.
4		(4) Screening shall be provided between the restaurant and any adjacent residential
5		uses. This screening may include a combination of the following:
6		i. A dense vegetative buffer consisting of evergreen trees or shrubs, at
7		least 6 feet in height at the time of planting, installed along the property
8		line adjacent to residential lots.
9		ii. A solid fence to further reduce visual and noise impact. The fence shall
10		be constructed of materials that complement the surrounding
11		environment and provide a continuous barrier.
12		(5) Exterior lighting must be designed and installed to prevent light from spilling
13		onto adjacent residential properties. All lighting fixtures shall be dark sky
14		compliant and shielded and directed downward.
15		
16	<u>j.</u>	Bar or nightclub without adult entertainment.
17		(1) The primary structure shall be set back a minimum of 100 feet from any
18		residential use or zone, measured at the property lines, except in the Waterfront
19		Zone(s).
20		(2) <u>The maximum noise level is limited solely to the boundaries of the premises at</u>
21		all times and must comply with Chapter 38 Article IV of the Tiverton Code of
22		Ordinances.
23		(3) <u>Screening shall be provided between the facility and any adjacent residential uses.</u>
24		This screening may include a combination of the following:
25		i. A dense vegetative buffer consisting of evergreen trees or shrubs, at
26		least 6 feet in height at the time of planting, installed along the property
27		line adjacent to residential lots.
28		ii. A solid fence to further reduce visual and noise impact. The fence
29		should be constructed of materials that complement the surrounding
30		environment and provide a continuous barrier.
31		(4) Exterior lighting shall be designed and installed to prevent light from spilling onto
32		adjacent residential properties. All lighting fixtures shall be darks sky compliant
33		and shielded and directed downward.
34		
35	<u>k.</u>	Bar or nightclub with adult entertainment.
36		(1) Such use shall not be located within 1,000 feet of any church, school, day care
37		center or residence.
38		(2) The primary structure shall be set back a minimum of 300 feet from any
39		residential use or zone, measured at the property lines.
40		(3) The maximum noise level is limited solely to the boundaries of the premises at all
41		times and must comply with Chapter 38 Article IV of the Tiverton Code of
42		Ordinances.
43		(4) Screening must be provided between the facility and any adjacent residential uses.
44		This screening may include a combination of the following:

1		i. A dense vegetative buffer consisting of evergreen trees or shrubs, at
2		least 6 feet in height at the time of planting, must be installed along the
3		property line adjacent to residential lots.
4		ii. A solid fence to further reduce visual and noise impact. The fence
5		should be constructed of materials that complement the surrounding
6		environment and provide a continuous barrier.
7	(5) E	Exterior lighting shall be designed and installed to prevent light from spilling onto
8	a	djacent residential properties. All lighting fixtures shall be dark sky compliant
9		and shielded and directed downward.
10	_	
11	<u>l.</u> <u>High vo</u>	oltage electric transmission towers
12	(1)	Towers shall be permitted only in designated industrial or utility zoning districts,
13		or in areas specifically identified for communication infrastructure, to minimize
14		their impact on residential neighborhoods and scenic areas.
15	(2)	Towers must be set back a minimum of 500 feet from any residential zoning
16		district or occupied residential structure to reduce visual and noise impacts.
17	(3)	Towers must maintain a minimum buffer of 200 feet from wetlands, water bodies,
18		and critical wildlife habitats as identified by the Rhode Island Department of
19		Environmental Management (DEM).
20	<u>(4)</u>	Towers shall not be located within designated scenic corridors, historic districts,
21	<u></u>	or within 1,000 feet of any property listed on the National Register of Historic
22		Places.
23	(5)	The maximum height of towers shall not exceed 150 feet unless a variance is
24	<u></u>	granted, considering the topography and potential visual impact on surrounding
25		areas.
26	<u>(6)</u>	Towers must be designed to minimize visual impact. This includes the use of
27	<u>1-1</u>	monopole structures instead of lattice towers where feasible, and the application
28		of neutral colors or camouflaging techniques to blend with the surrounding
29		environment.
30	(7)	Towers shall be designed to accommodate multiple antennas or services to reduce
31		the need for additional tower construction in the area.
32	(8)	Towers must be constructed to meet or exceed the structural standards outlined
33		in the latest version of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and
34		Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) standards.
35	<u>(9)</u>	Towers must comply with the guidelines set by the Federal Communications
36		Commission (FCC) and the Rhode Island Department of Health for EMF
37		exposure to ensure public health and safety.
38	(10)	Adequate access must be provided for emergency vehicles, and a fire safety plan
39		must be approved by the local fire department prior to construction.
40	(11)	Noise generated by the operation of towers, including associated equipment, shall
41	<u> </u>	not exceed 50 decibels at the property line of the nearest residential property.
42	<u>(1</u> 2)	The installation and operation of towers must ensure that vibrations do not exceed
43		local ordinances, particularly during construction and maintenance activities.
44	<u>(1</u> 3)	A landscaping plan must be submitted, showing the use of native vegetation to
45		screen the base of the towers from public view, particularly from adjacent
46		residential properties and public rights-of-way.

1	(14)	The property owner must maintain all landscaping in good condition, replacing
2		any dead or diseased plants promptly.
3	<u>(15)</u>	Towers shall not be artificially illuminated unless required by the Federal
4		Aviation Administration (FAA) or for security purposes. All lighting must be
5		downward-facing and shielded to minimize light pollution.
6	(16)	No signage or advertising is permitted on the tower structure itself, except for
7	<u></u>	necessary safety or identification signs required by law.
8	(17)	A decommissioning plan must be submitted, outlining the removal of the tower
9	<u> </u>	and restoration of the site should the facility cease operations. This plan must
10		include a financial surety to ensure that decommissioning occurs in a timely and
11		responsible manner.
12		
13	m. Towers,	, including but not limited to, radio frequency towers.
14	<u>(1)</u>	Towers shall be permitted only in designated industrial or utility zoning districts,
15	(1)	or in areas specifically identified for communication infrastructure, to minimize
16		their impact on residential neighborhoods and scenic areas.
17	(2)	Towers must be set back a minimum of 500 feet from any residential zoning
18	<u>(2)</u>	district or occupied residential structure to reduce visual and noise impacts.
19	(3)	Towers must maintain a minimum buffer of 200 feet from wetlands, water bodies,
20	<u>(5)</u>	and critical wildlife habitats as identified by the Rhode Island Department of
20		Environmental Management (DEM).
21	(4)	Towers shall not be located within designated scenic corridors, historic districts,
22	<u>(4)</u>	or within 1,000 feet of any property listed on the National Register of Historic
23 24		Places.
24	(5)	The maximum height of towers shall not exceed 150 feet unless a variance is
25	<u>(5)</u>	granted, considering the topography and potential visual impact on surrounding
20		areas.
27	(6)	Towers must be designed to minimize visual impact. This includes the use of
28 29	<u>(0)</u>	monopole structures instead of lattice towers where feasible, and the application
29 30		of neutral colors or camouflaging techniques to blend with the surrounding
		environment.
31	(7)	Towers shall be designed to accommodate multiple antennas or services to reduce
32	<u>(7)</u>	•
33	(9)	the need for additional tower construction in the area.
34 25	<u>(8)</u>	Towers must be constructed to meet or exceed the structural standards outlined in the latest version of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and
35		in the latest version of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and
36	(0)	<u>Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) standards.</u>
37	<u>(9)</u>	Towers must comply with the guidelines set by the Federal Communications
38		Commission (FCC) and the Rhode Island Department of Health for EMF
39	(10)	exposure to ensure public health and safety.
40	<u>(10)</u>	Adequate access must be provided for emergency vehicles, and a fire safety plan
41		must be approved by the local fire department prior to construction.
42	<u>(11)</u>	Noise generated by the operation of towers, including associated equipment, shall
43		not exceed 50 decibels at the property line of the nearest residential property.
44	<u>(12)</u>	The installation and operation of towers must ensure that vibrations do not exceed
45		local ordinances, particularly during construction and maintenance activities.

1	(13) A landscaping plan must be submitted, showing the use of native vegetation to
2	screen the base of the towers from public view, particularly from adjacent
3	residential properties and public rights-of-way.
4	(14) The property owner must maintain all landscaping in good condition, replacing
5	any dead or diseased plants promptly.
6	(15) Towers shall not be artificially illuminated unless required by the Federal
7	Aviation Administration (FAA) or for security purposes. All lighting must be
8	downward-facing and shielded to minimize light pollution.
9	(16) No signage or advertising is permitted on the tower structure itself, except for
10	necessary safety or identification signs required by law.
11	(17) A decommissioning plan must be submitted, outlining the removal of the tower
12	and restoration of the site should the facility cease operations. This plan must
13	include a financial surety to ensure that decommissioning occurs in a timely and
14	responsible manner.
15	
16	Effective Date: This Ordinance shall take effect upon passage in accordance with the provisions
17	of the Tiverton Home Rule Charter.
18	
19	Amended by the Tiverton Town Council on